ANNEXURE-I

CONTENTOFSYLLABUS For Level-I, Level-II and Level-III

Level-I

Part-I Syllabus for ChildDevelopmentandPedagogy

A | Conceptofdevelopmentanditsrelationshipwithlearning,

Principlesofthedevelopmentofchildren,

) InfluenceofHeredity&Environment.

Socializationprocesses: Socialworld&children(Teacher, Parents, Peers).

Piaget, Kohlbergand Vygotsky: constructs and critical perspectives.

Conceptsofchild-centeredandprogressiveeducation,

Critical perspective of the construct of Intelligence,

Multi-DimensionalIntelligence,

Language&Thought, Genderasasocialconstruct; genderroles, gender-biasandeducational practice, Individual differences among learners, understanding differences based on diversity of language, caste, gender, community, religionetc. Distinction between Assessment for learning and assessment of learning; School-Based Assessment.

Continuous& ComprehensiveEvaluation: perspective and practice.

Formulatingappropriatequestionsforassessingreadinesslevelsoflearners; forenhancinglearningand criticalthinking in the classroom and forassessinglearner achievement.

B | ConceptofInclusiveeducationandunderstandingchildrenwithspecialneeds:

) Addressinglearnersfromdiversebackgroundsincludingdisadvantagedanddeprived.

Addressingtheneedsofchildrenwithlearningdifficulties, "impairment" etc.

Addressing the Talented, Creative, Specially abled Learners.

Learning and Pedagogy:

How children think and learn; how and why children "fail" to achieve success in school performance.

Basic processes of teaching and learning; children's strategies of learning; learning as a socialactivity; social context of learning.

Child as a problem solver and a ``scientific investigator"

Alternative conceptions of learning in children, understanding children's "errors" assignificants teps in the learning process.

Cognition&Emotions.

Motivationandlearning.

Factorscontributingtolearning-personal&environmental.

Part-II Syllabus for Language

A) Language-I (Hindi)

(i) LanguageComprehension Questions:

Reading unseen passage - one passage from prose/drama/poem with questionson comprehension, inference, grammar and verbal ability (Passage may be literary, scientific, narrative or discursive).

(ii | PedagogyofLanguageDevelopment:

Learning and acquisition, Principles of language Teaching,

Roleoflisteningandspeaking; function of language and how children use it as a tool,

Critical perspective on the role of grammar in learning a language for communicating ideas verbally and in written form,

Challengesofteachinglanguageinadiverseclassroom; languagedifficulties, errorsanddisord ers, LanguageSkills.

(iii | Teaching-learning materials:

Textbook, multi-media materials, multilingual resource of the class room.

- B) Language—II(English)
- (i) Language Comprehension Questions:

Oneunseenprosepassage(discursiveorliteraryornarrativeorscientific)withquestionon comprehension,grammarandverbalability.

- (ii | PedagogyofLanguageDevelopment: Learning and acquisition,
-) PrinciplesoflanguageTeaching,

Roleoflisteningandspeaking; function of language and how children use it as a tool,

Critical perspective on the role of grammar in learning a language for communicating ideas verbally and in written form;

Challengesofteachinglanguageinadiverseclassroom; languagedifficulties, errorsanddisord ers, Language Skills.

- (iii | Teaching-learning materials:
- Textbook, multi-media materials, multilingual resource of the class room.

Part-III Syllabus for General Studies

- A Haryana related history, current affairs, literature, Geography, Civics, Environment, Culture, Art, Traditions, and Welfare Schemesof Haryana Government.
- B | GeneralIntelligence & Reasoning:
-) | Itwouldincludequestionsofbothverbalandnon-

verbaltype. This component may include questions on an alogies, similarities and differences, spacevisualization, spatial orientation, problems olving, analysis, judgment, decision making, visual memory, discrimination, observation, relationship concepts, arithmetical reasoning and figural classification, arithmetic number series, non-verbal series, coding and decoding, statement conclusion, syllogistic reasoning etc.

Thetopicsare: SemanticAnalogy,Symbolic/Number Analogy,Figural Analogy, SemanticClassification,Symbolic/NumberClassification,Figural Classification, Semantic Series, Number Series, Figural Series, Problem Solving, Word Building,Coding&Decoding,NumericalOperations,SymbolicOperations,Trends,SpaceOrientation,SpaceVisuali zation, Venn Diagrams, Drawing inferences, Punched hole/ Pattern-folding&un-folding, FiguralPattern-folding and completion, Indexing, Address matching, Date & city matching,

ofcentrecodes/rollnumbers,Small&Capitalletters/numberscoding,decodingandclassification,EmbeddedFigures, Criticalthinking, Emotional Intelligence, Social Intelligence.

- C Quantitative Aptitude:
- Thequestionswillbedesignedtotesttheabilityofappropriateuseofnumbersandnumbersenseof the candidate. The scope of the test will be computation of whole numbers, decimals, fractions andrelationships between numbers, Percentage. Ratio & Proportion, Square roots, Averages, Interest, Profitand Loss, Discount, Partnership Business, Mixture and Allegation, Time and distance, Time & Work, Basicalgebraic identities of School Algebra & Elementary surds, Graphs of Linear Equations, Triangle and its various kinds of centers, Congruence and similarity of triangles, Circle and its chords, Tangents, Anglessubtended by chords of a circle, Common tangents to two or more circles, Triangle, Quadrilaterals, Regular Polygons, Circle, Right Prism, Right Circular Cone, Right Circular Cylinder, Sphere, Hemispheres, Rectangular Parallelepiped, Regular Right **Pyramid** with triangular Trigonometric square base, or ratio, Degreeand Radian Measures, Standard Identities, Complementary angles, Heights and Di stances, Histogram, Frequency polygon, Bar diagram&Pie chart.

Part-IV Subject Specific Syllabus

A) MathematicsContent: Geometry, Shapes&SpatialUnderstanding, SolidsaroundUs, Numbers, AdditionandSubtraction, Multiplication, Division, Measurement, Weight, Time, Volume, Data Handling, Patterns, Money.

Pedagogical Issues:

Nature of Mathematics/Logical thinking; understanding children's thinking and reasoning patterns and strategies of making meaning and learning, Place of Mathematics in Curriculum, Language of Mathematics, Community Mathematics, Evaluation through formal and informal methods, Problems of Teaching, Erroranalysis and related aspects of learning and teaching, Diagnostic and Remedial Teaching.

B) EnvironmentalStudies Content:

Family and Friends: Relationships, Work and Play, Animals, Plants.

Food, Shelter, Water, Travel, Things We Make and Do.

PedagogicalIssues:ConceptandscopeofEVS, SignificanceofEVS,IntegratedEVS,

EnvironmentalStudies&EnvironmentalEducation, LearningPrinciples, Scope&relation

toScience& SocialScience, Approachesofpresentingconcepts, Activities,

Experimentation/PracticalWork, Discussion, CCE, Teachingmaterial/Aids, Problems.

Note: Difficulty level of questions for HTET level-I (PRT) will be up to the standard of

Secondary level.

Topics: For level-I (PRT) questions will be based on the topics of the prescribedsyllabus

of class 1st to 5th by the Education Department Government of Haryana.

Level-II

Part-I Syllabus for ChildDevelopmentandPedagogy

A | Conceptofdevelopmentanditsrelationshipwithlearning, Principlesofthedevelopmentofchildren,

) InfluenceofHeredity&Environment.

Socializationprocesses: Socialworld&children(Teacher, Parents, Peers).

Piaget, Kohlbergand Vygotsky: constructs and critical perspectives.

Conceptsofchild-centeredandprogressiveeducation,

Critical perspective of the construct of Intelligence, Multi-Dimensional Intelligence,

Language&Thought, Genderasasocialconstruct; genderroles, gender-biasandeducational practice, Individual differences among learners, understanding differences based on diversity of language, caste, gender, community, religionetc. Distinction between Assessment for learning and assessment of learning; School-Based Assessment.

Continuous& ComprehensiveEvaluation: perspective and practice.

Formulatingappropriatequestionsforassessingreadinesslevelsoflearners; forenhancinglearningand criticalthinking in the classroom and forassessinglearner achievement.

B ConceptofInclusiveeducationandunderstandingchildrenwithspecialneeds:

Addressinglearnersfromdiversebackgroundsincludingdisadvantagedanddeprived.

Addressingtheneedsofchildrenwithlearningdifficulties, "impairment" etc.

AddressingtheTalented,Creative,SpeciallyabledLearners.

LearningandPedagogy:

How children think and learn; how and why children "fail" to achieve success in schoolperformance.

Basic processes of teaching and learning; children's strategies of learning; learning as a socialactivity; social context of learning.

Childasaproblemsolveranda"scientificinvestigator"

Alternativeconceptions of learning inchildren, understanding children's "errors" assignificants

tepsinthelearningprocess.

Cognition&Emotions.

Motivationandlearning.

Factorscontributing to learning-personal & environmental.

Part-II Syllabus for Language

A) Language-I (Hindi)

(i) LanguageComprehension Questions:

Reading unseen passage - one passage from prose/drama/poem with questionson comprehension, inference, grammar and verbal ability (Passage may be literary, scientific, narrative or discursive).

(ii | PedagogyofLanguageDevelopment:

) Learningandacquisition, Principles

PrinciplesoflanguageTeaching,

Role of list ening and speaking; function of language and how children use it a satool,

Critical perspective on the role of grammar in learning a language for communicating ideas verbally and in written form,

Challengesofteachinglanguageinadiverseclassroom; languagedifficulties, errors and disord ers, Language Skills.

(iii | Teaching-learning materials:

Textbook, multi-media materials, multilingual resource of the class room.

B) Language—II(English)

(i) Language Comprehension Questions:

Oneunseenprosepassage(discursiveorliteraryornarrativeorscientific)withquestionon comprehension, grammarandverbalability.

(ii | PedagogyofLanguageDevelopment: Learning and acquisition,

) PrinciplesoflanguageTeaching,

Roleoflisteningandspeaking; function of language and how children use it as a tool,

Critical perspective on the role of grammar in learning a language for communicating ideas verbally and in written form;

Challengesofteachinglanguageinadiverseclassroom; languagedifficulties, errorsanddisord ers, Language Skills.

(iii | Teaching-learning materials:

Textbook, multi-media materials, multilingual resource of the class room.

Part-III Syllabus for General Studies

- A | Haryana related history, Current affairs, Literature, Geography, Civics, Environment,
- Culture, Art, Atraditions, and Welfare schemes of Haryana Government.

B | GeneralIntelligence & Reasoning:

) Itwouldincludequestions of both verbaland non-

verbaltype. This component may include questions on an alogies, similarities and differences, spacevisualization, spatial orientation, problems olving, analysis, judgment, decision making, visual memory, discrimination, observation, relationship concepts, arithmetical reasoning and figural classification, arithmetic number series, non-verbal series, coding and decoding, statement conclusion, syllogistic reasoning etc.

Thetopicsare: SemanticAnalogy,Symbolic/Number Analogy,Figural Analogy, SemanticClassification,Symbolic/NumberClassification,Figural Classification, Semantic Series, Number Series, Figural Series, Problem Solving, Word Building,Coding&Decoding,NumericalOperations,SymbolicOperations,Trends,SpaceOrientation,SpaceVisuali

zation, Venn Diagrams, Drawing inferences, Punched hole/ pattern- folding& un-folding, FiguralPattern-folding and completion, Indexing, Address matching, Date & city matching,
Classification ofcentrecodes/rollnumbers,Small&Capitalletters/numberscoding,Decodingandclassification,EmbeddedFigures, Criticalthinking, Emotional Intelligence, Social Intelligence.

C | QuantitativeAptitude:

Thequestionswillbedesignedtotesttheabilityofappropriateuseofnumbersandnumbersenseof the candidate. The scope of the test will be computation of whole numbers, decimals, fractions andrelationships between numbers, Percentage. Ratio & Proportion, Square roots, Averages, Interest, Profitand Loss, Discount, Partnership Business, Mixture and Allegation, Time and distance, Time & Work, Basicalgebraic identities of School Algebra & Elementary surds, Graphs of Linear Equations, Triangle and its various kinds of centers, Congruence and similarity of triangles, Circle and its chords, tangents, anglessubtended by chords of a circle, common tangents to two or more circles, Triangle, Quadrilaterals, Regular Polygons, Circle, Right Prism, Right Circular Cone, Right Circular Cylinder, Sphere, Hemispheres, Rectangular Parallelepiped, Regular Right **Pyramid** with triangular Trigonometric square base. ratio, Degreeand Radian Measures, Standard Identities, Complementary angles, Heights and Di stances, Histogram, Frequency polygon, Bar diagram& Pie chart.

Part-IV Subject Specific Syllabus

Science

A) **Sorting Material and Group:** Object around us, properties of materials, appearance, hardness, soluble or insoluble, transparency, object float or sink in water.

Separation of substances: Separation of substance, mixture and their types, methods of separation, filtration, threshing, evaporation, sedimentation and decantation, sieving, winnowing.

Acids, Bases and Salts: Acids and bases, natural indicators around us, neutralisation, neutralisation in everyday life.

Physical and Chemical Change: Physical and chemical changes, physical changes, chemical changes, rusting of iron, crystallisation.

Coal and Petroleum: Coal, petroleum, natural gas, some natural resources are limited. **Combustion and Flame:** Combustion, how do we control fire, types of combustion, flame, structure of flame, what is a fuel, fuel efficiency.

Matter in our Surrounding: Physical nature of matter, characterestics of particles of matter, states of matter, can matter change its state, evaporation.

Is Matter Around us Pure: What is a mixture, solution, separating the components of a mixture, physical and chemical change, types of pure substance.

Atoms and Molecule: Atom and molecule, laws of chemical combination, atom, molecule, mole concept, molecular mass, chemical formula.

Structure of Atom: Charged particle in matter, Structure of atom, electron distributed in different orbits, valancy, atomic number and mass number.

Chemical equation and Reaction: Chemical reactions, chemical equations, types of chemical reaction, effect of oxidation reaction in everyday life.

Metal and Non- Metals: Physical properties of metals and non metals, chemical properties, metal react with water, air and acids, reactivity series, metal and non metal react, properties of ionic compound, occurrence of metal, extraction, refining, corrosion and its prevention.

Carbon and its Compound: Carbon and its compounds, bonding in carbon covalent

bond, chemical properties of carbon compound, Important carbon compound- ethanol and ethanoic acid, soaps and detergents. **Subject related Pedagogy**.

B) **Fundamental unit of life:** Cell and its Structural Organisation and functions, Cell division.

The world of the living: Forms and functions of plants and animals.

Plant and animal tissues.

Diversity in living organisms: Classification of plants and animals with their characters.

Various life processes of animals and plants: Nutrition, Respiration, Transportation, Excretion (Including various systems of human beings).

Body movements: Movement in animals, Human body and its movement, Control and coordination in plants and animals.

Reproduction in organisms: Modes of reproduction (Asexual and sexual reproduction) Reproductive health (Adolescence and puberty) Heredity and evolution.

Disease: Types, causes, agents, treatment and prevention.

Weather, Climate and adaptation of organisms to different climate and habitat, Ecosystem, Pollution, Biogeochemical cycles, Ozone layer, Animal husbandry, Soil, Water, Forest & Wild life, Environmental awareness, Conservation of plants and animals, Natural resources and their management.

Food: Its resources, components and functions, Improvement in food resources, Crop production and its management, Improvement in crop yields and management, Crop Protection management.

Microorganisms. Subject related Pedagogy.

C) **Motion & Measurement:** Types of motion and non-uniform motion, speed, velocity and accelartion, Distance time graph, Velocity time graph, Equation of motion, Uniform circular motion, Measurement of distance and time.

Force and laws of motion: Types of forces, Balance and unbalanced forces, First law of motion, second law of motion, third law of motion, Friction, Factors effecting friction, Friction is necessary evil, wheels reducing friction, Fluid friction. Gravitation: Universal law of gravitation, Importance of universal law of gravitation, free fall, To calculate value of g, Motion of objects under the influence of gravitational force of earth, Mass and weight, weight of object on moon, Thrust and Pressure, Atmospheric Pressure, Pressure in fluids, Buoyancy, why objects float or sink when placed on the surface of water Archimidis' Principle.

Work, Energy & Power: Scientific concept of work, work done by constant force, Type of Energy, Kinetic energy, Potential energy, Law of conservation of energy, Rate of doing work,

Sound: Production of sound, propagation of sound, characteristics of sound waves, speed of sound in different media, echo, reverberation, uses of multiple reflection of sound, range of hearing audible and inaudible sounds, noise and music, noise pollution, application of ultrasound.

Light: transparent, opaque and translucent objects, A pinhole camera, sunlight-white or coloured, what is Braille system, reflection of light; spherical, representation of images formed by spherical mirror using ray diagrams: image formation by concave mirror, image formation by convex mirror, mirror formula and Magnification; Refraction of light: Refraction through a rectangular glass slab, the refractive index, refraction by spherical lenses, image formation by lenses, sign convention for spherical lenses, lens formula and magnification, power of lens.

The human eye: power of accommodation; defects of vision and their correction; Myopia, Hypermetropia, presbyopia, Refraction of light through a prism; Dispersion of

white light by a glass prism; Atmospheric refraction: twinkling of stars, advance sunrise and delayed sunset; Scattering of light: tyndal effect, why is the colour of the clear sky blue.

Electricity & circuits: Electric cell, An electric circuit, electric switch, electric current, electric potential, ohm's law, factors on which resistance of conductor depends, grouping of resistors; series and parallel, specific resistance, heating effect of electric circuit and current, Practical application of heating effect of electric current, electric power chemical effect of current, electroplating.

Magnetic effects of electric current: Magnetic field and field lines; magnetic field due to a current carrying conductor: straight conductor, circular current loop, solenoid, Right hand thumb rule, flaming's left hand rule. fleming's right hand rule, force on a current-carrying conductor in a magnetic field; electromagnet, electric bell, domestic electric circuit, motor and A.C. generator. Subject related Pedagogy.

Physical Education

A) **Physical Education:** Meaning, Definition, Aim, Objective & Importance.

History of Physical Education in India Pre and Post Independence Era.

Biological Basis of Physical Education: Growth and development, Heredity and Environment, Types of body, Classification of personality (Kretcher's and Sheldon's classification). Dimensions of personality.

Physical education in Ancient Greece, Rome, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Russia.

Health and Hygiene, Balanced diet and nutrition, Health related fitness, obesity and its management, First-Aid,

Communicable diseases: Their causes, and preventions.

School Health Programme and Personal Hygiene, Sports injuries and their preventions, Postural deformities their causes and preventions, Sports Medicine (Basic Idea), Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation, Physical fitness & Wellness.

Anatomy and Physiology: Meaning and Definition of anatomy and physiology Anatomy & Physiology of Respiratory system, Blood Circulatory system, Skelton system, Muscular system, Endocrine system, Digestive system, Nervous system (Neuro transmission) Excretory system: Its organs structure and functions.

B) Ergogenic Aids, Doping and anti doping, Factors influencing performance in sports. **Kinesiology and Biomechanics:** Meaning and definition of kinesiology and biomechanics, joints and their movements, levers, muscular analysis of motor movement, laws of motion, Principles of equilibrium, force, muscular analysis of various sports activities.

Mechanical analysis of fundamental movements.

Kinesiology and biomechanics: running, jumping throwing, pulling and pushing. **Psychology and Sociology in sports:** Meaning and definitions, Aim and objective of Psychology in sports.

Learning: Learning process, Theories of learning, Laws of Learning, Transfer of learning.

Motivation: Internal and external motivation, Psychological factors affecting sports performance.

Leadrship: Meaning, definition & types, leadership qualities.

Recreation: Theories and principles of recreation, Recreation programmes for various age groups/categories.

Yoga Education: History of Yoga, Meaning and definition, Aim and objective of

yoga, Ashtanga yoga, Meaning of Ashtanga yoga, Various parts of Ashtanga yoga, Surya namaskar and its benefits, Pranayama: Its types and benefits, Strudhi Kriyas: Neti, Dhoti, Basti, Importance of yoga in daily life, Yoga as preventive measure for lifestyle diseases.

C) **Test Measurement and Evaluation:** concept of test measurement and evaluation, measurement of athletics(track and field events) Major games and Minor games, Rules and Regulations of all games and sports, Sports and Games terminology, Sports current affairs, Sports/Games Federations, National and International games(Olympic Movement), Cups and Trophies, Stadiums, Tournaments and their Fixtures. Khelo India and Fit India Movement.

Sports Management: Concept and principles of management, organisation and functions of sports Bodies, Intramural and extramural, management of infrastructure, equipments finance and persons, planning in sports, officiating,

Sports training: concept of sports training, principles of sports training, Periodization, training methods, training programme for development of various motor qualities, technical and tactical preparation for sports, short term and long term training programmes, media and sports, computer applications in physical education and sports, National sports awards.

Subject related Pedagogy.

English

- A) Reading Comprehension: One/two unseen passage (prose/poem) to assess the candidate's ability to comprehend, analyse and interpret text.
 - **Language:**(Pedagogy of English)- Aims and objectives of teaching English at secondary level, Methods and approaches of teaching English language, Teaching aids, Use of ICT in classroom.
- B) Grammar and Usage- This will include questions based on verb patterns, tenses, analysis of sentences, transformation of sentences, voices, narration, articles, determiners, auxiliaries (Primary & Modal), idiomatic expressions, phrasal verbs and part of speech in detail(Noun, pronoun, verb, adjective, adverb, conjunction, interjection, preposition).
 - Basic phonetics- Word formation, vowel and consonant sounds, simple transcription.
- C) Literature: Text based questions must be selected from the prescribed syllabus of the Board of School Education Haryana for classes VI to X, Difficulty level of the questions may be raised to UG Level.

Hindi

- A) fgUnhHkk"kk ,oalkfgR; dk bfrgkl%&Hkk"kk ds fofo/k :i ,oaloSa/kkfudfLFkfr] fgUnhHkk"kk dk bfrgkl] nsoukxjh fyfi dk bfrgkl] oSKkfudrk ,oafo'ks"krk,a] fgUnhlkfgR; dk
- ek/;fed B) Lrjh; ,oaikB~;Øeesaladfyrjpukvksa dh tkudkjh%&clar Hkkx&1]2 esaladfyr , oa 3 \mathbf{x} ,oai jpukvksaijvk/kkfjrç'u] ikB~;Øeesaladfyrdforkvksa ds Hkko] `kSyhi{k ijvk/kkfjrç'u] ikB~;Øeesaladfyr Hkk"kk ,oa jpukvksavkSj muds fofo/k i{kksa ds Kkuijvk/kkfjrç'u|

C) dk0;'kkL= ,oa0;kdj.k%&dk0; xq.k ,oadk0;
nks"kijvk/kkfjrç'u] vyadkj&miek] :id] mRçs{kk] oØksfDr]
'ys"k] vfr'k;ksfDr] vlaxfr ,oanz"Vkarijvk/kkfjrç'u] Nan
&nksgk] jksyk] gfjxhfrdk] ekfyuh] dfoŸk] loS;k]
oa'kLFkijvk/kkfjrç'u] jl ,oajl ds vo;oijvk/kkfjrç'u]
o.kZfopkj& Loj ,oa0;atu ds çdkj] ç;Ru ,oaLFkku dh n`f"V
ls] 'kCnfopkj&rRle] rn~Hko] ns'kt

Urdu

Subject Specific: Urdu Questions: 60 MCQs Marks: 60

توث: اردوزبان کے نصاب کو HTET Level-2(TGT)کے لیے تین حقول میں تقتیم کیا گیا ہے۔ پہاا حصد شاعری کا ہے، دوسرا حصد نثر کا اور تیسرا حصد تواعد پڑھی ہے۔

هشه اوّل موضوع: شاعری

	شارنبر
لقم کی تعریف اوراس کی اہم اقسام کا مطالعہ، غول کی تعریف اوراس کافن، سمیت کی تعریف اوراس کافن ،،ووہے کی تعریف اوراس کافن	12
نصاب من شامل شعرا کی حیات و شخصیات اور تکلیتات کا مطالعہ۔	
تهاراوطن (تقم) بليت	1.
وردون عجت (القم) محت الاختر	2.
يَجْ كَى وَعَا (اَنْعُ) عادِ مدا قَبَالَ	3.
جرب <u>ا</u> نه کا کسان (نظم) اوارو	4.
برانسان برابر ہے (لقم) مظفور خی	5.
بسنت (تقم) تظیرلد سیانوی	6.
اللم (القم) ما تحوذ	7.
نیل حقن میں تارے (نقم) شریف امرش بیت	8.
اردوزیان جاری (عم) ما خوذ	9.
متى كاويا (لقم) الطاف حسين ساتى	10.
عورتو الكاورجه (الظم) الطاف حسين ماتي	11.
سبركا كجل (انظم) مفلقر شني	12.
چکتو(نظم) سکتدرعلی و مید	13.
ايك لا كي كا كيت (نظم) الحَرِّر شيرا في	14.
اير بيار (نظم) كوك چنو تر وم	15.
البيلا برياند(لقم) بكيل اتسابي	16.
بندومسلمان (نظم) تکوک چندمحروم	17.

ایک دیباتی لای کا گیت (گیت)افتر شیرانی	18.
بهادرينو (تقم) سودج زائن تهر	19.
أيك يوداادركماس (تقم) المعصل بيرشى	20.
Board (2) 200	21.
تيادك دن (تعم) اضربيرهي	22,
مهرد تقم)المعيل بيرطى	23.
ینی اور بدی (تلم) کظیرا کبرآبادی	24.
ستی اپی دباب کی س ب (فول) میر تقی میر	25.
كوقي اميد يرفين آتي (غزل) مرزاعات	26.
پیاژ اور گلبری (نقم) اقبال	27.
اے ٹریاب انسانوا (نقم) ساتر لدھیانوی	29.
لَدُم بِرْ حَاوَدُ وَسُوا (لَقُم) بَشَرِ نُواز	30.

هنده دوم موضوع: ننژ

اسپاق	شارنمبر
ارووادب کی تاریخ، اردوز بان کی نشوندا سے متعلق انه نظریات، مضمون کی تعریف اوراس کے انهم اجزاء، افسان رمحتفراف اندرکہائی کی تعریف فرن اوراجز اے ترکیجی، مکالمہ کی تعریف اوراس کافن، فراما کی تعریف فن اوراجز اے ترکیجی، افتا کید کی تعریف اوراس کافن آپ بیتی رخودوشت کی تعریف اوراس کافن ۔ نساب بٹس شامل بشر نگاروں کی حیات و شخصیات اور تھی تا ہے کا مطالعہ۔	₩
چىڭ (كېانى) ادارە	1.
بريانه كالرام بنجايت (مضمون) اواره	2.
حالی بی تی (مضمون) اواره	3,
ابينا كام هو وكرو (كباني) اواره	4.
كوتين (مشمون) اداره	5.
سادگی (شخصیت) اداره	6.
کو©د(مطسون >اداره	7.
عائد لي في (هخصيت) اداره	8.

9.	سونے کا چوبا (کباتی) اوارہ
10.	پیدل سے بوائی جیاز تک (مضمون) اوار و
11.	مواقع يرسط (كباني) اواره
12.	ميتدول كاشيدا في (شفعيت) اداره
13.	تي يا كمر كي مير (ما موانيات) اواره
14.	بريان كي توى ورافت (مشمون) اداره
15.	ميكاري: يهريا تدكي شات (مضمون) فوادره
16.	كعة ركائق (كباني) خواج احرعهاس
17.	لوك كيت (مضمون) اداره
18.	ايم الين - سهائلشي (مضمون) ادارو
19.	کارو(مضمول) ادارو
20.	وه صح بهجی تو ایسی کا ب بیشی سلنی
21.	مريّ المد (انشائي) خوابر سن تعالى
22.	سيده من قابلي (معشمون) اداره
23	سحيب (معتمون)اداره
24.	مهلی جنگ آزادی کا سیدسالار (مطعمون)ادار و
25	يون چون چيل کافي اختية فرحت
26.	فاتن سيمثلا مطمول كاوارو
27	ا تویز نگا کس (ماحول) اداره
28	ميوات كاساجي تطاعي (مشمون)ا واره
29.	آزاد بتشرفرين کا جان باز سيايي (مضمون) ادار و
30	سالدها پرخسین (مخصیت) اداره
31.	بهادرشاه کاماتی (مطسون) میریا قرعلی دبلوی
32	تادان دوست (كباني) مشيء يم يند
33.	ع و الحرك المعمول) اواره
34.	احسان كا بدارا حسان (كباني) واكترة وكرحسين
35.	سند باو جهازی کا کایک شور هر لی کهانی از جمه

	36.
حِيَاتِهِ وَرَى مِواسِدارُ جاتابِ (كباني) رَّهِ مِن جَمِيبِ	37.
مستوى سياره (مشمول) اداره مديد المستوى سيديد المستوى	36.
مۇنىرالدىن (مىنبون) امەرجال ياشا	39.
وقت (مشمون) ال يَيْ يَرْ براحم	40.
فَيْرِيْدَ رِكُنَا قَبْبَاسِ(Unseen Passege)	41.
یے آنگفی (اٹھا سے) مسیلال کیور	42
زبانول کا گھرچندوستان (معنمون) سپداختشام حسین	43,
خدا کے نام محملہ ﴿ رُبِيرِ اللِّيمِي لُوكِ كِما فِي كَرِيكُور يولون يونو آئے	44.
وْاكْرْئِسِيمِ رَاوْاسِيدُ كَرْ مَشْمُون ﴾ اواره	45.
۲دی کی کہائی (مشمون) محموب	46.
ا تغربيت (مضمون) اوارو	47.
تني روثتي (مكالمه) ماخوذ	48
رهبيد سلطان (مشمون) ما توذ	49.
كا خد كا تحديد الا كبياني بمرتق تخليد	50.
کارة س(اراما) حبيب بحوير	51.

حتەسوم موضوع:قواعد

حروف ججی ریز مهرتند پارتوین ایم بغیر بعضه اورهل و فیره دماور ب رکیاوتین ، نذکر - موند ، واحد - بیخ اورمنشاد _ علم بیان اورملم بدلیج کی ایم اقسام: تشییه استفار و ، کتابی مجاز مرسل به منصف انشاد درجس نفلیل ، خیال عار داند بهنی مهالشا و را بهام _

نوٹ: مندرجہ بالانساب بمناعث 6 سے 10 ویں تک کی این می ای آرٹی (NCERT) کی کماب جان پیچان (حصرایک سے پانچ) سے ماخوز ہے۔ سوالات اُٹیس اسپانی پہنی ہوں گے۔

विषयः – संस्कृतम् लेवल – 2

- एषु पाठ्यपुरतकेषु नियोजितान् पाठ्यबिन्तून् आधारीकृत्य पठित-अपठित-गद्यांशाधारिताः बहुविकल्पात्मकाः प्रश्नाः प्रष्टव्याः।
 - रुचिरा प्रथमो भागः
- 2. रुचिरा द्वितीयो भागः
- 3. रुचिरा तृतीयो भागः

- शेमुषी प्रथमो भागः
- शेमुषी द्वितीयो भागः
- श एतानि स्त्राणि आधारीकृत्य संज्ञा प्रकरणतः सामान्यप्रश्नाः ।
 इत्संज्ञा, प्रत्याहारसंज्ञा, उदात्त, अनुदात्त, स्वरित, संयोगसंज्ञा, सवर्णसंज्ञा, उच्चारणस्थानानि, पदसंज्ञा, प्रयक्ति।
- २) निम्नतिखित-सन्धिसुत्रानुसारं सन्धेः सन्धिविच्छेदस्य च सुत्राणि -
 - इको यणि, अकः सवर्णे दीर्घः, आदृगुणः, वृद्धिरेवि, लोपः शाकत्यस्य, स्तोः श्वुना श्वुः, ष्टुना ष्टुः, झलां जशोऽन्ते, यरोऽनुनासिकेऽनुनासिको वा, तोर्ति, झयो होऽन्यतरस्याम्, उदः स्थास्तम्भोः पूर्वस्य, झरो झिर सवर्णे, छे च, शश्छोऽटि, मोऽनुस्वारः, अनुस्वारस्य यि परसवर्णः, उमो हस्वादवि दमुण्नित्यम्, एचोऽयवायावः, वान्तो यि प्रत्यये, अचोऽन्त्यादि टि, एत्येधत्यूठ्सु, उपसर्गाद्दति धातौ, एकि पररूपम्, औमाकोश्च, एकः पदान्तादित, ईद्भदेद द्विवचनं प्रगृह्यम्, विसर्जनीयस्य सः, ससजुषो रुः, अतो रोरप्तुतादप्तुते, हशि च, भो-भगो-अधो-अपूर्वस्य योऽसि, रोऽसुषि, रो रि, दृलोपे पूर्वस्य दीर्घोऽणः।
- कवलसमासः, अव्ययीभावसमासः, तत्पुरुषः, कर्मधारयः, द्विगुः, द्वन्द्वः, बहुव्रीहिः एतेयां सामान्यपरिचयः, पदानां समासः, समासविप्रहृष्टेति।
- ४) एतेषां प्रत्ययानां सामान्याभिज्ञानम् पूर्वकृदन्त, उत्तरकृदन्त, तद्धित, स्तीतिङ्गश्च (मध्यसिद्धान्तकौमुदी-अनुसारं सुत्रसहितं प्रकृति-प्रत्यय-आधारिताः प्रश्नाः) :-

वत. वतवतु. शत्. शानच्, उ. यत्. तव्यत्, तव्य. अनीयर्. केलिमर्. वयप्. ण्यत्. ण्वुत्, त्च्, ल्यु. णिनि. क. प्वुन्, वुन्, अण्, टक्. ट. खश्. खच्, ड. क्ता, ल्यप्, क्विप्, तुमुन्, घञ, क्तिन्, वस्, याकन्, ग्सु, वनु. इत्र. प्रृन्, नक्, नन्, अच्, अप्, कि, अङ्, युच, णमुल्, मतुप्, तरप्, तमप्, इष्ठन्, ण्य, ठक्, ठन्, ठञ्, ट्यण्, तल्, य, ड्वलच्, वलच्, उ, त्यप्, म, एण्य, मयट्, प्लञ्, डट्, तीय, उरच्, र, म्मिनि, तिकन्, च्चि, डाच्, साति, विनि, टाप्, चाप्, डीप्, डीप्, डीन्, ऊङ्, ति।

द्वितीयो भागः

१) निम्नलिखिताव्ययपदसम्बन्धिसामान्यप्रश्नाः (सृत्रसहितम्) :-

अत्र, अधः, इतः, इत्यम्, इदानीम्, शनैः, उच्चैः, नीचैः, नमः, कथम्, कदापि, यदापि, यथा, तथा, खलु, धिक्, प्रातः, किम्, किमर्थम्, यतः, कुतः।

- २) सामान्यप्रशाः :-
 - अ) प्रादयोपसर्गसम्बन्धिसामान्यप्रश्नाः। उपसर्गाः क्रियायोगे।
 - ब) विशेष्यः विशेषणञ्च।
 - स) विलोमपदं पर्यायपदञ्च।
- ४) कारकप्रकरणम् सिद्धान्तकौमुदी-अनुसारं (सूत्रसहितम्) सामान्यपरिचयात्मकाः प्रश्नाः वाक्यप्रयोगाक्ष।

तृतीयो भागः

- १) निम्नलिखितानां छन्दसामलङ्काराणां च सामान्यपरिचयः :-
 - छन्दांसि -

अनुष्टुप्, इन्द्रवज्रा, उपजाति, वंशस्थम्, द्रुतविलम्बितम्, वसन्ततिलका, मालिनी, शार्दुलविक्रीडितम्, शिखरिणी, मन्दाकान्ता।

• अतङ्काराः --

अनुप्रासः, यमकम्, श्लेषः, उपमा, अर्थान्तरन्यासः, उत्प्रेक्षा, अतिशयोक्तिः, निदर्शना।

- २) निम्नतिश्चितानां महाकविनामेव व्यक्तित्वस्य कृतित्वस्य च सम्बन्धिसामान्यप्रश्नाः :-
 - क) महाकवयः :- कालिदासः, भारविः, श्रीहर्षः, माघः, वाल्मीकिः, वेदव्यासः।
 - ख) गद्यकाव्यकवयः :- दण्डी, सुबन्धुः, बाणभट्टः, अम्बिकदत्तव्यासः, शुद्रकः।
 - ग) नीतिकवयः :- भर्तृहरिः, यं. विष्णुशर्मा, नारायणपण्डितः।
 - ध) काव्यशास्त्रकाराः :- मम्मटः, भामहः, आनन्दवर्धनः, विश्वनाथः, भरतमुनिः।
 - छ) आधुनिकसंस्कृतकवयः :- देवर्षिः कलानाधशास्त्री, भट्ट मथुरानाथशास्त्री, पं. पद्मशास्त्री,
 डॉ. प्रभाकरशास्त्री।
 - च) षड्वेदाङ्गानि :- शिक्षा, कल्पः, व्याकरणम्, ज्योतिषः, छन्दः, निरुक्तम् (एतेषां सामान्यपरिचयः)।
- ३) उपनिषदां वेदानां च सामान्यपरिचयः।

HTET LEVEL- Z SUBJECT PUNJABI

MM: 60

Part -1

ਭਾਗ ਪਹਿਲਾ :- ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਕਲਿਤ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ : ਜਮਾਤ ਛੋਵੀਂ, ਸਤਵੀਂ ਅਤੇ ਅੱਠਵੀਂ
ਪਹਿਲਾ ਕਦਮ, ਦੂਜਾ ਪੜਾਅ , ਅਤੇ ਉਡਾਣ ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਬਾਲਗੀਤ/ਜਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ, ਬਾਲ
-ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ / ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ, ਇਕਾਂਗੀ/ ਨਾਟਕ , ਜੀਵਨੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਲੇਖਾ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ –ਵਸਤੂ , ਰੂਪਕ ਪੱਖ ਉਦੇਸ਼,
ਬਾਲ ਮਨ ਉੱਤੇ ਪੈਂਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਿੰਨ-ਭਿੰਨ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ ਤੋਂ ਉਤਰਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਦਿਤੇ
ਜਾਣ।

Part -2

ਭਾਗ ਦੂਜਾ:- ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਕਲਿਤ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ :- ਜਮਾਤ ਨੇਵੀ ਅਤੇ ਦਸਦੀਂ
ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਕਿਰਨਾਂ -1 ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਕਿਰਨਾਂ -2 ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ – ਵਸਤੂ, ਕੇਂਦਰੀ ਤਾਵ, ਕਾਵਿ ਕਲਪਨਾ, ਕਾਵਿ ਗੁਣ, ਕਾਵਿ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ /ਵਾਰਤਕ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ – ਵਸਤੂ , ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ -ਵਿਚਾਰ , ਵਿਗ਼ਿਆਨਿਕ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ ,ਗੰਦ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।
ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਚੰਗ -1 ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਚੰਗ -2 ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਕਹਾਈਆਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ -ਵਸਤੂ , ਕਹਾਈ ਵਿਚਲੀ ਸੰਵੇਦਨਾ , ਉਦੇਸ਼ , ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ, ਰਾਸ਼ਾ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਪਾਠਕਾਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦੇ ਮਨ ਉੱਤੇ ਪਏ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ । ਇਸ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਇਕਾਂਗੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਵਸਤੂ , ਪਾਤਰ ਦਿਤਰਣ , ਉਦੇਸ਼ , ਨਾਟ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਰੰਗ ਮੰਚ,ਅਜੋਕੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਚ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਦੀ ਸਾਰਥਕਤਾਂ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗਿਕਤਾ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਿੰਨ- ਭਿੰਨ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ ਤੋਂ ਉਡਰਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।ਇਸੇ ਤਰ੍ਹਾ ਜੀਵਨੀਆਂ ਵਿਚ ਜੀਵਨੀ ਨਾਇਕ ਦੇ ਨਿੱਜੀ ਜੀਵਨ,ਉਸ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿਚ ਆਈਆਂ ਔਕੜਾਂ, ਉਸ ਦੇ ਸੰਘਰਸ਼,ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਨੂੰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਸੇਧ /ਪ੍ਰੋਤਣਾ ਆਦਿ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।

Part -3

ਭਾਗ ਤੀਜਾ:- ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਭੂਮਿਕਾ :-

- *ਵਰਣ ਬੋਧ (ਵਰਣ, ਲਗਾ –ਮਾਤਰਾ, ਲਗਾਪਰ)
- * ਸ਼ਬਦ ਬੇਧ (ਨਾਂਵ, ਪੜਨਾਵ, ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ, ਕਿਰਿਆ, ਕਿਰਿਆ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ, ਸੰਬੰਧਕ, ਯੋਜਕ, ਲਿੰਗ ਬਦਲੋ, ਰਚਨ ਬਦਲੋਂ,ਕਾਰਕ, ਕਾਲ, ਪਦ-ਵੰਡ)
- *ਸ਼ਬਦ ਰਚਨਾ (ਅਗੇਤਰ, ਪਿਛੋਤਰ, ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ)
- ਵਾਕ ਮੋਧ (ਵਾਕ ਰਚਨਾ, ਵਾਕ ਵੰਡ,ਵਾਕ –ਵਟਾਦਰਾ, ਵਿਸ਼ਰਾਮ ਚਿੰਨ)।
- ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ ,ਸਮਾਨਾਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ, ਬਹੁ ਅਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ।
- ਮਹਾਵਰੇ ਅਤੇ ਅਖਾਣ।
- *ਅਣ ਡਿੱਠਾ ਪੈਰਾ (ਇਕ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿਚੋਂ, ਇਕ ਵਾਰਤਕ ਵਿਚੋਂ)
- 'ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅਤੇ ਗੁਰਮੁੱਖੀ ਲਿੱਖੀ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ।
- ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅਤੇ ਸੰਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਦਨ।
- ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ।(ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਸਹਾਇਕ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ)

Fine Arts

- Introduction of art, Fundamentals of visual art, the elements, Principal of art and design, Shadanga of Indian art, Imortance of art in life.
- Traditional and modern techniques, Process and procedure in art (Painting, B) Sculpture, applied art) Perspective, Indian folk art.
- Indian national flag and its evolution, Indian art history and development from pre-C) historic time to contemporary period including-applied art and graphic. Subject related Pedagogy.

Social Studies

A) General Geography- Geography as a Social Study, The Solar System, The Earth-Motions, Globe, Latitudes and Longitudes, Major Spheres of the Earth, Inside our Earth-Layers and Rocks, Our Earth-Mountains, Plateaus, Plains, Volcanoes and Earthquakes, Development of Landforms- Various agents and processes, Atmosphere- Composition, Structure, air pressure, winds, precipitation and climatic regions, Hydrosphere and its importance, Tides and Ocean Currents. Water, Environment- Concept, ecosystem, pollutions, Hazards and Disasters. Human Environment Interactions, Resources- Land, soil, Water, Natural Vegetation and Wildlife Resources, Agriculture- Types and methods, Major crops and developments, Industries- Classification and distribution, Human Resource, Maps and their types.

Geography of India- India-Size and Location Physiography and Physical structure,

Drainage, Climate and Monsoon, Natural Vegetation and Wildlife, Water Resources, Agriculture- Major crops, their distribution and related problems, Minerals and Energy Resources, Major Manufacturing Industries- classification and distribution, Lifelines of National Economy. **Subject related Pedagogy**.

B) **Political Theory:** Nature Scope and Significance of Political Theory, State-Elements and various theories of its origin, Nature & functions, Sovereignty, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Right, Citizenship, Nationalism, Secularism, Consumers Protection Rights, Feminism.

Form of Government: Democratic and Dictatorship, Parliamentary and Presidential, Unitary and Federal.

Democracy: Concept, various types, theories and methods of representation in Democracy, Popular Struggle and various Movements for Democracy. Various Challenges to Democracy Inequality, Poverty, Economic Growth and Development, Illiteracy, Linguism, Religionlism, Communalism, Casteism, Separatism, Political Violence, National Integration, Gender issues, Religion, Marginalization.

Indian Constitution: Constitutional Development and making of Constitution of India, Sources, Features, Preamble. Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy. The Union Executive- President, Vice President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Union Legislature – Composition, Procedure of Law making, Amendment Procedure, State legislature. Indian judiciary- Supreme Court, High Court, Judicial Review and Judicial Activities Public Interest litigation, Right to Information Act, Federalism, Development of Panchayati Raj Institutions and 73rd Constitutional Amendment, Election Commission, Electoral Process and Electoral Reforms, Politics of Defection, Party System in India, National and Regional Political Parties, Coalition Government, Politics of Reservation.

UNO: Origin and evolution of UNO, Organs of UNO, Specialized Agency of UNO, Role of Security Council, Role of Secretary General of UNO, Democratization of UNO.

Foreign Policy of India: Basic principles, India and its neighbours (Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and China) relation with USA and Russia, Era of Cold War and Post- Cold War. NAM and its relevance, Collapse of Bipolarity, New World Order, European Union, SAARC, ASEAN, WTO, IME, World Bank, Disarmament, Globalization, Environmentalism. Subject related Pedagogy.

C) Ancient India: Sources of Ancient Indian History, Prehistoric Civilization: From Hunter-gatherer to Neolithic Revolution. Harappan Civilization: Sites and salient features etc. Religious Trends: Vedic, Buddhism and Jainism: Basic Facts and comparison. Mahajanapad Period: Polity and Economy

Mauryan Empire: Administration and Policies. Foreign Invaders and their inclusion in Indian culture, Post Mauryan states and political developments in India, Southern states: Chalukayas, The Pallavas and Cholas, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India: Trade and major trade routes, urbanization.

Gupta and Vardhana Empire: Socio-cultural life, Economy, administration etc.

Expansion of Indian Culture in World. Art & Architecture from ancient to Post Gupta period.

Medieval India: Sources of History of Medieval India (700AD to 1750AD). Dynasties and rulers in Early Medieval India(700AD to 1200AD): Tripartite Struggle, The Palas, The Pratiharas and Rastrakutas, King Dhahir and Anangpal, Suhaldev and Prithvi Raj Chauhan. Delhi Sultanate and Mughals: Administration & Policies, Vijaynagar Empire, Chattarpati Shivaji and Marathas, Medieval Art & Architecture, languages and Literature etc. Social- Religious Movements (Bhakti,

Sufi, Tradition of Sikh Gurus, Nayanars and Alwars etc.) Trade and Commerce, Art & Architecture, Urban Centers, Agrarian Society during Medieval India.

Modern India: Sources of Modern Indian History, India in 18th Century, European Companies and their conflict in Bengal and other Indian states. Change in Land Revenue System and Early Indian Resistance. Revolution 1857: Causes, Events, Nature and Repercussion. Indian Renaissance of 18th century: Women and Low caste emancipation. British Education Policy. Colonization and its effect on indigenous textile industry: Origin of Industrialization. Urbanization and Architecture during Colonial Period. Rise of Nationalism, Indian National Movement (1885-1947), Role of Gandhi Ji, Neta Ji & INA Independence & Partition. Framing of Indian Constitution, Role of Haryana in Indian National Movement. Fifty years of Indian Independence.

World History: History of Human Evolution: Origin of Homo Sepienn. Prehistoric Man: History tools etc. Rise of Islam: Caliphate, Confucianism, Jews and Parsi Philosophies, Genghis Khan and Mongolian Empire, Feudalism in Europe during medieval period, the role of Church in the socio-political life of Europe. European Renaissance: Development of urban Centers in Medieval Europe. Colonization, Imperialism. **Subject related Pedagogy**.

D) Agriculture: Role of Agriculture in India, Agricultural Development in India during various Five Year Economic Plans, Farm - Products, Non - Farm Activities.

Factor of Production: Land, Labour, Capital and Entrepreneur, Human capital. Theories of Rent, Wages, Interest & Profit, Unemployment and trends of unemployment in India.

Poverty: Overview, Types, Measurement, Causes, Inter States Disparities, Poverty Estimation, Anti Poverty Measures/Schemes and Future Challenges.

Food Security: Meaning, Causes, Green Revolution, Major Food Security Programs Including Public Distribution System and Its Progress in India, Buffer Stocks, Pillars of Food Security.

Development: Meaning of Economic Growth, Economic Development and Sustainable Development, Measurement of Development- Conventional, HDI, HPI, PQLI and Hunger index, Developmental Comparison at Inter-State and International Level.

Sector of Indian Economy: Scope of Economic Activities, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Sector, Organised and Unorganised Sectors, Public and Private Sectors.

Money and Credit: Meaning of Money, Functions, Modern Forms of Money, Commercial Banks and Their Role, RBI and its functions, Credit Creation, Money Multiplier, Formal and Informal Credit.

Globalisation and Indian Economy: New Economic Policy - Liberalisation, Privatisation and Globalisation, Features, Favourable and Unfavourable Effect on Indian Economy. World Trade Organization (WTO) – Its Structure and Functions, Positive and Negative aspect of Globalisation.

Consumer Rights: Consumer Protection Act 1986 (COPRA), Consumers Movements in India, Consumer Exploitation, Consumer Responsibilities, Consumer Rights and Its Progress.

Utility Analysis: Utility- Meaning and Types, Cardinal Utility Analysis, Ordinal Utility Analysis, Indifference Curve Analysis.

Demand Analysis: Demand- Meaning & Factors affecting it, Law of Demand, Elasticity of Demand.

Subject related Pedagogy.

Mathematics

- A) Number system, Arithmetic and Trigonometry: Roman Numerals, Whole numbers, Natural numbers, Integers, Rational and Irrational numbers and Real numbers, Their properties and representation on number line, LCM, HCF of Natural numbers, Squares and square root, Cubes and cube root, Laws of exponents, Ratio and proportions, Percentage, Decimals, Fractions, Profit and loss, Discount, Time and work, Direct and Indirect proportion, Unitary method, Comparing quantities, Introduction to trigonometry and its application to find heights and distance.
- B) Algebra, Statistics and Probability: Algebric expression and identities, Factorisation, Linear equations in one and two variables, Graphs of linear equations, Polynomials, Quadratic equations, Arithmetic Progression, Data Handling, Average, Pie diagrams, Bar diagrams, Histograms, frequency polygons, Measure of central tendency Mean, Median, Mode, Probability, Theoretical approach.
- C) Geometry, Coordinate Geometry and Mensuration: Euclid's Geometry, Lines and Angles, Lines of symmetry, Triangle and its properties, Types of triangles and various kind of its centres, Perimeter and area, Congurence and Similarity of triangles, Regular Polygon, Quadrilaterals, Circles, Area related to circles, Coordinate Geometry, Heron's formula, Pythagorean theorem, Visualising Solid shapes, Area of polygon, Surface area and volume of cube, Cuboid, cylinder, Right circular cylinder, cone, right circular cone and sphere, Surface area and volume of combination of solids.

Subject related Pedagogy.

Music

- ifjHkk"kk%&laxhr dh ifjHkk"kk] /ofu dh ifjHkk"kk] ukn dh A) ifjHkk"kk] Jqfr dh ifjHkk"kk] Loj dh ifjHkk"kk] ifjHkk"kk] jkх dh ifjHkk"kk o jkx ds fu;el jkх dh tkfr; kal FkkV dh ifjHkk"kk 0 FkkV ds fu;el xhrl y{k.kxhr] ljxexhr ifjHkk"kk] mÙkjvkSjnf{k.kHkkjrh; dh rkuiqjk dk ifjp;] ekuo thou esalaxhr laxhri)fr] LFkkul 'kCn dh tkudkjh] lqxelaxhr 0 lgxelaxhr dh fo/kkvksa dk Kku] qfj;k.kohlaLd`fr dk Kku] ¼qfj;k.koh yksdxhr⅓l jk"Vah; xku] ns'kHkfDrxhr] Hktu] oUnsekrie~ xhr ¼jk"Vah; xhr dk Kku½ dh ifjHkk"kkA
 - laxhrK thou ifjp;%&rkulsu] lnkjaxvkSjvnkjax] ds fd'kksjhveksudj dk thou ifjp;] laxhr ds xzaFk% laxhrjRukdj] ukV~;'kkL= xzUFk¼Hkjreafu½] jkxksa dk 1S) kfUrdKku% jkxHkheIyklh] o`ankcuhlkjax] jkx jkxHkSjo] ;eu] jkxnqxkZ] jkxHkwikyh] jkxfoykoy] jkxgehj] jkxdkQh] jkxHkSjoh dk lEiw.kZ 'kkL=h; ifjp;A
- ifjHkk"kk%&rky dh ifjHkk"kk] y; dh ifjHkk"kk] B) rkyl [kkyh] foHkkxl ek=kl vkorZuvken] eksqjk] frqkbZ ifjHkk"kk] vyadkj dh ifjHkk"kk] ,d rky] pkSrky] #id rky] rhurky] nknjkrky] >IkrkyvkSjdgjokrky dk Kku o is'kdkjk /kk] fra] f/ka] /kk] fdV] dh] uk] fr] f/k]x]frj]fdV]rw]uk]d]rkvkfncksyks dh igpku] ok ksa ds cdkj] laxhrK ds thou ifjp; % &tkfdjqqlSu] vYyk j[kka [kka %rcyk oknd%] ok|ksa dh tkudkjh% rcys ds vaxksa dk o.kZu ¼fp= lfgr½] rcyk o i[kkotlaxhr ok| ;a=ksa dh lajpukvkSj

V~; wfuax dk KkuA

C) ifjHkk"kk%&vkjksg&vojksg] idM+ dh ifjHkk"kk] oknh] laoknh] vuqoknh] fooknh Loj dh ifjHkk"kk] LFkkbZ&vrajk] vkyki] rku dh ifjHkk"kk] 'kq)] Nk;kyxvkSjldhZ.kjkx dh ifjHkk"kk] jtk[kkuhxr] mùkjhvkSjnf{k.kHkkjrh; laxhri)fresaHkk"kk] rky] jkxoxhZdj.k] xk;u 'kSfYk;k;] oknu 'kSfy;k;] Loj esafofHkUurk,aA

laxhrK ds thou ifjp;%& ia0 jfo'kadj] vUuiw.kkZnsoh]
iaaf'kodqekj 'kekZvkSjgfjçlknpkSjfl;k] ok|ksa dh
tkudkjh% flrkj] ljksn] ok;fyu] fny#ck@bljkt] ckalqjh]
esMksfyu] fxVkj] lkajxhA

Subject related Pedagogy.

Home Science

- A) Concept of food, Nutrition and health, Types and function of food, Importance and methods of cooking food, Nutrients of food, Concept of Nutrition, Over nutrition and under nutrition, Food safety, Food storage and good preservation, Food and personal hygiene and cleanliness, Meal planning- Concept, Importance, Principles and factors affecting it, Balanced diet, Therapeutic diet, Weights and measures commonly used in kitchen, Infections and Lifestyle diseases.
- B) Home, family and values- Concept and importance, Types of rooms in house, Lighting and ventilation in a house, Kitchen design and layout, Decorations of walls, Dining table arrangements, Flower arrangements, Furniture choices selection, Use of colours in various aspects and areas in a house, Our behaviour, Household Routine, Patient's room in a house, Floor decoration, Disposal of waste, Cleaning in a house, Expenses of an average Indian household, Budget-concept, Types and advantages, Management in daily life, Management of resources time, energy and money, work simplification techniques, consumer education, Safety and management in emergency situation, Pesticides, First-aid in house.
- C) **Human growth and development-** Concept, similarities and differences between growth and development, Factors affecting growth and development, principles underlying growth and development, Infancy, Childhood and Adolescent concept, special features/characteristics and milestones of each stage.

Concept of Home Science – its evolution, fields/sub-disciplines, relevance, career and scope. Our apparel, selection of clothes, Fibre and fabric, types, Characteristics and classification of fibres, care and maintenance of fabrics and apparel (esp. cotton, wool, silk and synthetics), cleaning of clothes, Equipment used in cleaning clothes, cleaning and finishing agents used in routine care, The art of knitting, Basic stitches used in stitching and embroidery, beautifying the apparel, warp and weft.

Subject related Pedagogy.

Note: Difficulty level of questions for HTET Level-II (TGT) will be up to the standard

of Sr. Secondary level.

Topics: For level-II (TGT) questions will be based on the topics of the

prescribedsyllabus of class 6th to 10th by the Education Department

Government of Haryana.

Level-III

Part-I Syllabus for ChildDevelopmentandPedagogy

A Conceptofdevelopmentanditsrelationshipwithlearning,

Principlesofthedevelopmentofchildren,

) InfluenceofHeredity&Environment.

Socialization processes: Social world & children (Teacher, Parents, Peers).

Piaget, Kohlbergand Vygotsky: constructs and critical perspectives.

Freud's Psychosexual Development Theory, Erikson's Theory of Psychosocial Development.

Conceptsofchild-centeredandprogressiveeducation,

Critical perspective of the construct of Intelligence,

Multi-DimensionalIntelligence,

Language & Thought, Genderasasocial construct; gender-oles, gender-bias and educational practice, Individual differences among learners, understanding differences based on diversity of language, caste, gender, community, religionetc.

DistinctionbetweenAssessmentforlearningandassessmentoflearning;School-

BasedAssessment.Continuous& ComprehensiveEvaluation:perspectiveandpractice.

Formulating appropriate questions for assessing readiness levels of learners; for enhancing learning and critical thinking in the class room and for assessing learner achievement.

B | ConceptofInclusiveeducationandunderstandingchildrenwithspecialneeds:

Addressinglearnersfromdiversebackgroundsincludingdisadvantagedanddeprived.

Addressingtheneedsofchildrenwithlearningdifficulties, "impairment" etc.

AddressingtheTalented,Creative,Specially abledLearners.

LearningandPedagogy:

How

children think and learn; how and why children "fail" to achieve success in schoolperformance.

Basic processes of teaching and learning; children's strategies of learning; learning as a socialactivity; social context of learning.

Childasaproblemsolveranda"scientificinvestigator"

Alternativeconceptionsoflearninginchildren, understanding children's "errors" assignificant steps in the learning process.

Cognition&Emotions.

Motivationandlearning.

Factorscontributing to learning-personal & environmental.

Bandura's Social Learning: Constructs and Critical Perspective.

Part-II Syllabus for Language

A) Language-I (Hindi)

(i) LanguageComprehension Questions:

Reading unseen passage - one passage from prose/drama/poem with questionson comprehension, inference, grammar and verbal ability (Passage may be literary, scientific, narrative or discursive).

(ii | PedagogyofLanguageDevelopment:

) Learningandacquisition, PrinciplesoflanguageTeaching,

Roleo flistening and speaking; function of language and how children use it as a tool,

Critical perspective on the role of grammar in learning a language for communicating ideas verbally and in written form,

Challengesofteachinglanguageinadiverseclassroom; languagedifficulties, errors and disord ers, Language Skills.

(iii Teaching-learning materials:

- Textbook, multi-media materials, multilingual resource of the class room.
- B) Language-II(English)
- (i) Language Comprehension Questions:

Oneunseenprosepassage(discursiveorliteraryornarrativeorscientific)withquestionon comprehension,grammarandverbalability.

- (ii PedagogyofLanguageDevelopment: Learning and acquisition,
-) PrinciplesoflanguageTeaching,

Roleoflisteningandspeaking; function of language and how children use it as a tool,

Critical perspective on the role of grammar in learning a language for communicating ideas verbally and inwritten form;

Challengesofteachinglanguageinadiverseclassroom; language difficulties, errors and disord ers, Language Skills.

- (iii | Teaching-learning materials:
 - Textbook, multi-media materials, multilingual resource of the class room.

Part-III Syllabus for General Studies

- A Haryana related history, current affairs, literature, Geography, Civics, Environment,
- Culture, art,traditions,andwelfare schemesofHaryana Government.

B | GeneralIntelligence & Reasoning:

) Itwouldincludequestionsofbothverbalandnon-

verbaltype. This component may include questions on an alogies, similarities and differences, spacevisualization, spatial orientation, problems olving, analysis, judgment, decision making, visual memory, discrimination, observation, relationship concepts, arithmetical reasoning and figural classification, arithmetic number series, non-verbal series, coding and decoding, statement conclusion, syllogistic reasoning etc.

Thetopicsare: SemanticAnalogy,Symbolic/Number Analogy,Figural Analogy, SemanticClassification,Symbolic/NumberClassification,Figural Classification, Semantic Series, Number Series, Figural Series, Problem Solving, Word Building,Coding&Decoding,NumericalOperations,symbolicOperations,Trends,SpaceOrientation,SpaceVisuali zation, Venn Diagrams, Drawing inferences, Punched hole/pattern - folding&un-folding, FiguralPattern-folding and completion, Indexing, Address matching, Date & City matching,

ofcentrecodes/rollnumbers,Small&Capitalletters/numberscoding,decodingandclassification,EmbeddedFigures, Criticalthinking, Emotional Intelligence, Social Intelligence.

C | QuantitativeAptitude:

Thequestionswillbedesignedtotesttheabilityofappropriateuseofnumbersandnumbersenseof the candidate. The scope of the test will be computation of whole numbers, decimals, fractions andrelationships between numbers, Percentage. Ratio & Proportion, Square roots, Averages, Interest, Profitand Loss, Discount, Partnership Business, Mixture and Allegation, Time and distance, Time & Work, Basicalgebraic identities of School Algebra & Elementary surds, Graphs of Linear Equations, Triangle and its various kinds of centers, Congruence and similarity of triangles, Circle and its chords, tangents, anglessubtended by chords of a circle, common tangents to two or more circles, Triangle, Quadrilaterals, Regular Polygons, Circle, Right Prism, Right Circular Cone, Right Circular Cylinder, Sphere, Hemispheres, Rectangular Parallelepiped, Regular Right **Pyramid** with triangular Trigonometric or square base, ratio, Degreeand Radian Measures, Standard Identities, Complementary angles, Heights and Di

stances, Histogram, Frequency polygon, Bar diagram& Pie chart.

Part-IV Subject Specific Syllabus

	Chemistry Syllabus
A)	MatterinOurSurroundings, IsMatteraroundusPure, AtomsandMolecules,
	StructureoftheAtom, ChemicalReactionsandEquations, Acids,BasesandSalts,
	Metalsand Non-Metals, CarbonandItsCompounds.
B)	Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry, Structure of Atom, Classification of Elements
	and Periodicity in properties, Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure, Chemical
	Thermodynamics, Equilibrium, Redox Reactions, Organic Chemistry Some Basic
	Principles and Techniques, Hydrocarbon.
(C)	Solutions, Electro Chemistry, Chemical Kinetics, d & f Block Elements, Co-
	ordination Compounds, Halo Alkanes & Halo Arenes, Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers,
	Aldehydes, Ketones and Carboxylic Acids, Amines, Biomolecules.
	Subject related Pedagogy.

Biology

A) Cell: The Fundamental Unit of Life, Biomolecules, Cell Cycle and Cell Division.

Plant Tissues

Diversity in the living world: The living world, Biological Classification, Plant Kingdom, Economic Importance of Plants.

Structural Organisation in Plants: Morphology and anatomy of Flowering plants, Reproduction in plants(Asexual & Sexual reproduction), Various life processes in plants, Movement & Coordination, Seed germination & dormancy in plants.

Plant physiology: Transport in plants, Mineral nutrition, Photosynthesis in plants, Respiration in plants, Plant growth and development.

B) Animal Tissues

Animal Kingdom, Structural organisation in animals, Life processes in animals (including various systems in animals/human beings), sense organs. Reproduction in animals & development, Human reproduction & reproductive health, Economic Zoology.

Human physiology: Digestion & Absorption, Breathing & Exchange of gases, Body fluid & circulation, Excretory products & their elimination, Locomotion & movement, Neural control and coordination, Chemical coordination & Integration.

Biology in Human Welfare: Disease: Types and Causes, agents, treatment & prevention, Human health & disease, Strategies for enhancement in food production, Microbes in human welfare.

Food production: Improvement in food resources, Animal husbandry.

C) **Ecology:** Organism and population, Ecosystem, pollution, Biogeochemical cycles, Biodiversity & Conservation. Natural resources and their management, Environmental issues.

Genetics & Evolution: Principles of Inheritance & Variation, Molecular basis of Inheritance, Evolution.

Biotechnology: Principles & processes, Biotechnology & its applications.

Subject related Pedagogy.

Physics

- A) MECHANICS: Units and Measurement, Motion in a Straight line, Motion in a Plane, Laws of Motion, Force and friction, work ,energy and power System of Particles and Rotational motion, Gravitation, Mechanical Properties of Solids, Mechanical Properties of Fluids, Thermal Properties of Matter, Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory of gases, Sound, Oscillations and Waves.
- B) **ELECTROMAGNETISM:** Electric Charges and Fields, Electrostatic Potential and Capacitance, Current Electricity, Moving Charges and Magnetism, magnetic effect of electric current, Magnetism and Matter, Electromagnetic Induction, Alternating Current, Electromagnetic Waves.
- C) LIGHT: Ray Optics and Optical Instruments, Wave Optics, Human eye.

 MODERN PHYSICS: Dual Nature of Radiation and Matter, Atoms, Nuclei, Semiconductor Electronics: Materials, Devices and Simple Circuits.

 Subject related Pedagogy.

Physical Education

A) **Physical Education:** History of Physical Education in India Pre and Post Independence Era.

Biological Basis of physical Education: Growth and development, heredity and environment types of body, classification of personality (Kretcmer's and Sheldon's classification). Dimensions of Personality.

Sociological Foundation of Physical Education: Sports and socialisation, role of institutions towards participation in games and sports (family, society and school). Physical Education in Ancient Greece, Rome, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Russia.

Health & Hygiene: Guiding principles of health and health education.

Balanced Diet and Nutrition, Health related fitness, Obesity and its management, First-Aid.

Communicable Diseases: Their causes and preventations.

School Health programme and personal Hygiene, Sports injuries and their preventions, Postural deformities: their causes and preventations, Sports Medicine, Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation,.

Physical Education and Sports for (CWSN) children with special needs-Divyang, Physical fitness, Wellness.

Anatomy and Physiology: Meaning and definition of anatomy and physiology anatomy and physiology of - respiratory system, blood circulatory system, skelton system, muscular system, endocrine system and Exocrine System digestive system, nervous system (Neuro transmission).

Excretory system: Its organs structure and functions.

B) Ergogenic Aids, Doping and Anti Doping, Factors influencing performance in sports. **Kinesiology and Biomechanics:** Meaning and definition of kinesiology and Biomechanics, Joints and their movements, Planes and axis, Kinetics and kinematics; Linear and angular, Levers, Muscular analysis of motor movement, Laws of motion, Principle of Equilibrium, Force, Muscular analysis of various sports activities. Mechanical Analysis of fundamental movements.

Kinesiology and Biomechanics: Running, Jumping, throwing, Pulling and pushing.

Psychology and Sociology in sports: Meaning and definitions, Aim and objective of Psychology and sociology in sports.

Learning: Learning process, Theories of learning, Laws of Learning, Transfer of learning.

Motivation: Internal and external motivation, Psychological factors affecting sports performance.

Leadership: Meaning, Definition and types, Leadership qualities.

Recreation: Theories and principles of recreation, Recreation programmes for various age groups/categories.

Yoga Education: History of Yoga, Meaning and definition, Aim and objective of yoga, Ashtanga yoga, Meaning of Ashtanga yoga, Various parts of Ashtanga yoga, Surya namaskar and its benefits, Pranayama: Its types and benefits, Strudhi Kriyas: Neti, Dhoti, Basti, Importance of yoga in daily life, Yoga as preventive measure for lifestyle diseases.

C) Test Measurement and Evaluation: Concept of test measurement and evaluation, Principles of measurement and evaluation, Skill test for badminton, Basketball, Hockey soccer, Vollyball and Lawn Tennis, Measurements of Athletics (Track and field events) Major game, Minor games, Rules and Regulation of all games and sports, Sports & games terminology, Sports current affairs (India & world), Sports/Games Federations, National and International games, (Olympic Movement) Cups and Trophies Stadiums, Tournaments and their fixtures, Khelo India & Fit India movement, Ground Marking for athletics and sports/games.

Sports Management: Concept and Principles of management, Organisation and functions of sports bodies, Intramural and Extramural, Management of Infrastructure, Equipments, Finance and personal, Planning in sports, officiating. Principals, methods and techniques of teaching, concept and techniques of supervision.

Sports Training: Concept of sports training, Principles of sports training, Periodization, Training methods, Training program for development of various motor qualities, Technical and tactical preparation for sports, Short term and long term training programs, Media and sports, Computer applications in physical education & sports, National sports awards. Research, Nature, Scope and types of Research, Methods of Research.

Subject related Pedagogy.

English

- A) Reading Comprehension: One/two unseen passage (prose/poem) to assess the candidate's competence in the language; the necessary skills to derive meaning, analyse and information gathered through reading.
 - **Language:** Pedagogy of English)- Aims and objectives of teaching English at school level, methods and approaches of teaching English language, ICT of/for/in Education.
- B) Grammar and Usage- This will include questions based on verb patterns, tenses, analysis of sentences, transformation of sentences, voices, narration, articles, determiners, auxiliaries(Primary, Modal) idiomatic expressions, phrasal verbs and parts of speech in detail(Noun, pronoun, verb, adjective, adverb, conjunction, interjection, preposition).
 - **Basic Phonetics-** Word formation, vowel and consonant sounds, simple transcription, stress and intonation.
- C) **Literature:** Text based questions must be selected from the prescribed syllabus of the Board of School Education Haryana for classes IX to XII, Difficulty level of the questions may be raised to PG Level.

Hindi

- A) fqUnhHkk"kk ,oalkfgR;%&fgUnhHkk"kk dk mn~HkovkSjfodkl] fqUnhvkSjmldhcksfy;ksa dk lkekU; ifjp;] bfrgklys[ku dh fqUnhlkfqR; ds i) fr;k;] bfrqklys[kd] dky&foHkktu ,oaukedj.k] fqUnhlkfqR; dk vkjaHk ,oafofHkUudky[kaMksa dk ço`frxrbfrgkl] eq[; dkO;/kkjk,a] cfrfuf/k dfo ,oajpuk,avkSjfo'ks"krk,a] faUnh $x \mid$ mn~HkovkSjfodkl ,oa x dh fofHkUufo/kk,aA
- ikB~; Øeesaladfyrjpukvksa \mathtt{dh} tkudkjh%& f{kfrt] d`frdkl vkjksq ,oaforkuiqLrdksaesaladfyrdkO; ,oa x jpukvksaijvk/kkfjrç'u] f{kfrt] d`frdk] vkjksq ,oaforkuiqLrdksaesaladfyrdforkvksa dkO; &lkSan; Z¼Hkko ds ijvk/kkfjrç'ul d`frdk] ,oadyki{k⅓ f{kfrt] vkjksa ,oaforkuiqLrdksaesaladfyr jpukdkjksa] \mathbf{x} jpukvksa] fo"k; &oLrq] fopkjl laosnukvkSjHkk"kkijvk/kkfjrç'u] ikB~; Øeesaladfyr x | fo/kkvksa dk ifjp;] çeq[k O; fDrRo ,oa muds dkS'ky ds ifjp;kRedKkuijvk/kkfjrç'u] dgkuh dk ukV~; #ikarj.k] jsfM;ksaukVdvkSjfgUnhi=dkfjrk ds fofo/k vk;keijvk/kkfjrç'u] ikB~;Øeesavk, Ik; kZ; okph] fovksel vusdkFkZd ,oaokD;ka'k ds fy, ,d 'kCnijvk/kkfjrç'uA
- C) dk0;'kkL=,oa0;kdj.k%& 'kCn'kfDr;ksa dsHksn ,oamnkqj.kijvk/kkfjrc'u| dkO; gsrq| dkO;&xq.k| dkO;&nks"k ,oadkO; jhfr;k;] 'ys"k] ;ed] nhid] vuqckl¼Hksn lfqr½] mRçs{kk] Hkzkafrekul fojks/kkHkk"k] lansq ,oaekuohdj.kvaydkjksaijvk/kkfjrç'u] nksgk] jksyk] lksjBk] pkSikbZ] ekfyuh] olUrfrydk] xhfrdk] qfjxhfrdk] loS;k ,oaoa'kLFkNanksaijvk/kkfjrç'u] jl dk Lo#i] jl ds ,oajl&fu"ifÙkijvk/kkfjrç'u] dkO; jhfr ds ,oafoospuijvk/kkfjrç'u] o.kZ&fopkj ,oaokrZfudv'kqf);ksa dh iqpkuijvk/kkfjrç'u] laf/k] lekl] milxZçR;; ijvk/kkfjrç'u] fodkjh `kCn&laKk] loZuke] fo'ks"k.k ,oafØ;kijvk/kkfjrç'u] 'kCn&fØ;kfo'ks"k.k] vfodkjh laca/klwpd] leqPp; cks/kd ,oafoLe;kfncks/kdijvk/kkfjrç'u] in&fopkj lac/khc; ksx **'**kq) okD; ksa ,oa dh igpkuijvk/kkfjrç'u] eggkojs ,oayksdksfDr;ksaijvk/kkfjrç'u] vkSipkfjd ,oavukSipkfjdi=ksaijvk/kkfjrç'uA

Urdu

Subject Specific: Urdu Questions: 60 MCQs Marks: 60

نوٹ: اردوزبان کے نصاب کو HTET Level-3(PGT)کے لیے تین حقوں میں تقتیم کیا گیا ہے۔ پہلاحصہ شاعری کا ہے، دوسرا حصہ نثر کا اور تیسرا حصہ تواعد پرتن ہے۔

حنداوّل موضوع:شاعری

اساق	شارنبر
نظم كى تعريف اوراس كى ابهم اقسام كامطالعه كيت كى تعريف اوراس كافن، ،غزل كى تعريف اوراس كافن، مثنوى كى تعريف اوراس كافن	耸
قصیده کی تعریف رفن ما جزائے ترکیبی، مرثیہ کی تعریف رفن ما جزائے ترکیبی، رہائی کی تعریف اوراس کا فن۔	
نساب مین شامل شعراکی حیات وخدمات اور تخلیقات کا مطالعه۔	
مندومسلمان (نظم) تلوک چند محروم	1.
ایک دیباتی لای کا گیت (گیت) اختر شیرانی	2.
بهادربنو (نظم)سورج نرائن ممبر	3.
ایک بودااورگھاس (نظم) اسلعیل میرخمی	4.
«بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	.5,
تبيار كه دن (لظم)ا ضرمير شي	6.
حمد (نظم) استعیل میرخمی	7.
نیکی اور بدی (نظم) نظیرا کبرآیادی	8.
ستی اپی حباب کی ی ب (فزل) میر تقی میر	9.
كوئي اميد رُنبين آتي (غزل) مرزاعا آب	10.
پیاژ اورگلبری (نظم) اقبآل	11.
اے شریف انسانو! (لظم) ساحرلد دسیانوی	12.
قدم بزهاؤ دوستوا (اظم) بشرنواز	13.
آ دی نامه (اللم) عظیرا کبرآ بادی	14.
T بِ زُلال (نظم) اَمَعَیْلَ میرشی	15.

16.	كيا ئج محتق في خالم كون آب آستدا سند المزل) و كان
17.	ارض و تها کبال جیری وسعت کو یا شکه (غزل) خواجه میر در د
18.	جس سر کوغر ورآن ہے بیال تا جوری کا (غزل) میرتقی میر
19.	ية رزوتني تجية كل دوېروكرت (غزل) فوادېد هيدرطي آنش
20.	این مربع ہوا کرے کئی (غزل) مرزا قاآب
21.	پینچنا بکا ؤ کی کا دارالخلاف زین السلوک میس (مشعوی) دیافشکرهیم
22	بال مدنوسين بم اس كان م (تصيده) مرزا قات
23.	مادروطن (تظم) سرورجهان آبادي
24.	شهادت منظرت عبّاس (مرثيه) مير ببراللي انتسّ
25.	متعتبل (لظم) أشجراله آبادي
26.	شعاع اسيد (اللم) اقبال
27	أردو (القم) على سروار جعفري
28.	تهائی (نظم) فیض احد فیفق
29.	كياتم سے بتا كي عمرِ فاني كياتھي (رباق) عجمة موہن ال روان
30.	ونیا سوسوالرئ سے بہلاتی ہے (رباعی) مجلت موہن الل روآن
31.	بديرا كدحيات جاودانى كياب (رباعى) حكت موجن الال رواآل
32	ا يك ازكا (اللم) اختر الايمان
33.	بيارا بيارا محراينا (محيت) مومقمت الشفال
34.	رفصت ہوئی میلی (سیت) شآدعار فی
35.	روگ کاراگ (گیت) اختر شیرانی
36.	پریت ہے من کاروگ (گیت) احمان والق
37.	سیوں کے بروا کوندھوں گی (حمیت)سات مچھی شہری
38.	نجرتزی ہری (منظوم ترجمہ)امتیاز الدین خاں
39.	اب بها محتة مين سائية عشق بتال عنهم ، (غزل) الطاف مسين حاتى
40	الاَل شب و ویزم کی رونق بشع بھی تھی پر وانہ بھی (غزل) آ رز ولکھنوی
41.	زندگی ہے تو بہرعال بسر بھی ہوگی (غول) معین احسن جذ تبی
42	جب لکیس زخم تو قاش کود عادی جائے (غزل) جاں ٹارا تختر

بیشب، بی خیال وخواب جیرے (غزل) ناسر کاظمی	43.
مورغريبال ، (تقم)القم طباطبائي	44.
روبِ ارضی آدم کا سقبال کرتی ہے (نظم) اقبال	45.
ارقة ، (نظم) مجيل مظهري	46.
زندگی سے ڈرتے ہو (اللم) ن_م_را شہر	47.

حضه دوم موضوع: نثر

اسباق	شارفمبر
اردوادب کی تاریخ ،اردوزبان کی نشونما معتقلق اہم نظریات ،مضمون کی تعریف اوراس کا ہم اجزاء،افساند کی تعریف	☆
رفن راجزائة كيمي ، كهاوت كي تعريف اوراس كافن ، خاك أكارى كي تعريف ادراس كافن ، مكالمدى تعريف ادراس كافن ، وراما ك	
تعریف رفن اوراج ائے ترکیلی، واستان کی تعریف اوراس کے اہم اجزاء، انشائیے کی تعریف اوراس کافن ، کمتوب نگاری کی تعریف او	
اس كافن، مختيدى مضمون كى تعريف اوراس كافن، يادي كى تعريف، آپ يېتى رخودنوشت كى تعريف اوراس كافن، رپورتاژ ك	
تعریف اور اس کافن، پیروزی کی تعریف اوراس کا فن، سفرنامه کی تعریف اوراس کافن۔	
نساب میں شامل ننز زگاروں کی حیات و شخصیات اور تخلیقات کا مطالعہ	
بهادرشاه کا بانتی (مضمون) میر با قرعلی دیلوی	1.
ناوان دوست (کبانی) منشی پریم چند	2,
چڑ یا گھر کی سیر (مضمون) ادارو	3.
احسان كابدلها حسان (كباني) ۋاكثر ۋاكر حسين	4.
سند با دجیازی کا کیک سفر (مر بی کهانی) ترجمه	5.
كبادآوں كى كباني (مضمون) فرقت كاكور دى	6,
تکاتھوڑی ہوا سے اڑجا تا ہے (کہانی) ترجمہ جمر محیب	7.
مصنوعی سیّاره (مضمون)ادارو	8,
ملا تصرالدين (مضمون) احمد جمال بإشا	9.
وقت (مضمون) ؤي نذيراحمد	10.
فیرتدر کی اقتیاس (Unseen Passege)	11.

12.	بِرَكَافِي (انشائيه) تحصيالال كيور
13.	رْ بانوں کا گھر ہندوستان(مضمون) سیداختشام حسین
14.	خدا کے نام خط (ترجمہ: الکیٹنی لوک کہانی) کر بگور یولومدینو فو آ نے
15.	ۋاكىزىجىيىم داۋامىيىدگر (مىنىمون) ادارو
16.	آدی کی کہانی (مضمون) محد مجیب
17.	انتونيث (مضمون) اداره
18,	ئى روشى (مكالمه) ماڅو ذ ئى روشى (مكالمه) ماڅو ذ
19.	رضيه سلطان (مضمون)ما خوذ
20.	كانته كا كلوزا (كهاني)رتن تكيه
21.	کارتوس (اراما) حبیب توم
22.	مرکز شت آزاد بخت بادشاه کی (داستان) میراقمن سرگز شت آزاد بخت بادشاه کی (داستان) میراقین
23.	سررامظهر جان جانان (اولي تاريخ) محمد مسين آزاد سرزامظهر جان جانان (اولي تاريخ) محمد مسين آزاد
24.	سورے جوکل آگھ میری تھلی (طنو ومزات) لیطرس بقاری
25.	
10000	میر باقرعلی داستان کو (خاکه) شامبراحمد دبلوی
26.	گوری ہوگوری(محقرافسانہ) سیّدرفیق مسین ت
27.	پوتن کا جوژ ا(مختمرافسانه)
28.	سرسيّد مرحوم اورار دولتر عير (مضمون) علي نعماني
29.	جاری کهاوتک (مضمون) شان الحق هی
30.	عنى بركويال آفت كام، (كمنوب نارى) مرزاغالب
31.	خوجی آیک مطالعه (تخدیدی مضمون) سیداخشام مسین
32.	ليح ، (مخفرافهانه) بلونت تكي
33	فولوگرافر، (مختمرافسانه)قرة العين حيدر
34.	سكون كى فيذر (مخضرافسانه) اقبال مجيد
35.	روشانی، (یادی) حادظمیر
36.	اس آباد خراب ش ، (آب بی می) اخر الایمان
37.	ا پورے، (ر پورتا ژ) کرش چندر
38.	می مر را نشا نبیه) خوابیدهسن نگامی
39.	غالب جدید شعرا کی ایک مجلس شپ (طنز ومزاح) محصیالال کپور
40.	زردینون کی تیبار (سفرنامه) رام معل

تحليم الدين احمد (خاكه) احمد جمال ياشا	41.
کارک کی موت (روی کہانی) ہے خف	42.
جنم دن (مليالم كهاني) مترجم : شيا الرحمٰن صعد ليتي	43.
جلتی جهاژی (ہندی کہانی) نزل ور ما	44.

حشدسوم موضوع: قواعد

	اسم بنمير،صفت اورفعل وغيره، محاور بركباوتين، تذكيروتا دييف، واحد- بتع اورمنشاو_	
ى عارفاند. پ عارفاند. مالغدادرايبام ـ	علم بيان اورملم بدلع كى ابهم اقسام : تشبيه ،استعاره ، كنابيه ، مجاز مرسل بصعب تضاد ، حسن تغليل ، تجاتا	

نوٹ: مندرجہ بالانساب جماعت 9ویں اور 10ویں کی کتاب جان پیچان (حصد 14ور 5) اور گیار ہویں اور بار ہویں جماعت کی گلتان اوب اور منیابان اردؤ (NCERT) سے ماخوذ ہے۔ سوالات انہیں اسہاق پیٹی ہول گے۔

विषयः - संस्कृतम् लेवल - 3

प्रथमो भागः

- एषु पाठ्यपुस्तकेषु नियोजितान् पाठ्यबिन्दून् आधारीकृत्य पठित-अपठित-गद्यांशाधारिताः बहुविकल्पात्मकाः प्रश्नाः प्रष्टव्याः ।
 - शेमधी प्रथमो भागः
- 2. शेमुपी द्वितीयो भागः।
- शाश्वती प्रथमो भागः
- 4. शाश्वती द्वितीयो भागः।
- एतानि स्त्राणि आधारीकृत्य संज्ञा प्रकरणतः सामान्यप्रश्नाः ।
 इत्संज्ञा, प्रत्याहारसंज्ञा, उदात्त, अनुदात्त, स्वरित, संयोगसंज्ञा, सवर्णसंज्ञा, उच्चारणस्थानानि, पदसंज्ञा, प्रयत्नानि।
- २) निम्नतिखित-सन्धिसूत्रानुसारं सन्धेः सन्धिविच्छेदस्य च सूत्राणि -
 - इको यणि, अकः सवर्णे दीर्घः, आदृगुणः, वृद्धिरेचि, लोपः शाकल्पस्य, स्तोः श्वुना श्वुः, ष्टुना ष्टुः, झलां जशोऽन्ते, यरोऽनुनासिकेऽनुनासिको वा, तोर्ति, झयो होऽन्यतरस्याम्, उदः स्थास्तम्भोः पूर्वस्य, झरो झिर सवर्णे, छे च, शश्छोऽटि, मोऽनुस्वारः, अनुस्वारस्य यिय परसवर्णः, ङमो हस्वादचि इमुण्नित्यम्, एचोऽयवायावः, वान्तो यि प्रत्यये, अचोऽन्त्यादि टि, एत्येधत्यूठ्सु, उपसर्गादृति धातौ, एिङ पररूपम्, ओमाङोश्च, एङः पदान्तादित, ईद्भदेद द्विवचनं प्रगृह्मम्, विसर्जनीयस्य सः, ससजुषो रुः, अतो रोरप्लुतादप्लुते, हिश च, भो-भगो-अघो-अपूर्वस्य योऽसि, रोऽसुपि, रो रि, इलोपे पूर्वस्य दीर्घोऽणः।
- ३) समासाः मध्यसिद्धान्तकौमुदी अनुसारं सूत्रसहितम् -केवलसमासः, अव्ययीभावसमासः, तत्पुरुषः, कर्मधारयः, हिगुः, इन्द्वः, बहुव्रीहिः – एतेषां सामान्यपरिचयः, पदानां समासः, समासविग्रहक्षेति।

द्वितीयो भागः

- १) निम्नतिखितानां शब्दरूपाणां ज्ञानं तथा विभक्ति-आधारितप्रश्नाः (सूत्रसहितम्) :-कृष्ण, रमा, हरि, मति, पति, सखिन्, गुरु, वध्, आत्मन्, नदी, लक्ष्मी, धेनु, मातृ, पितृ, वारि, दधि, मधु, राजन्, मनस्, सर्व (त्रिषु तिङ्गेषु), तत्, एतत्, इदम् (त्रिषु तिङ्गेषु), अस्मद्र, युष्मद्र ।
- २) निम्नतिखितानां धातुनां दशलकारेषु रूपाणि वाक्यप्रयोगश्च :--
 - अ) परस्मैपदी भू, पठ्, अस्, कृ, ज्ञा, शक्, पा, हन्, लिख, चिन्त् ।
 - ब) आत्मनेपदी एध्, सेव्, लभ्, रुच्, मुद्र याच्।
 - स) उभयपदी कृ, पच्, मन्।

 श) निम्नप्रत्ययानां सामान्यज्ञानम् - पूर्वकृदन्त, उत्तरकृदन्त, तद्धित, स्तीलिङ्गश्च (मध्यसिद्धान्तकौमुदी-अनुसारं सूत्रसहितं प्रकृति-प्रत्यय-आधारिताः प्रशाः) :-

क्त, क्तवतु, शतृ, शानच्, उ, यत्, तव्यत्, तव्य, अनीयर्, केलिमर्, क्यप्, ण्यत्, ण्युल्, तृष्, ल्यु, णिनि, क, प्युन्, तुन्, अण्, टक्, ट, खश्, खन्, ड, क्त्वा. ल्यप्, क्रिप्, तुमुन्, घञ्, क्तिन्, वसु, षाकन्, गसु, क्नु, इत्र, षृन्, नङ्, नन्, अच्, अप्, कि, अङ्, युच्, णमुल्, मतुप्, तरप्, तमप्, इष्ठन्, ण्य, ठक्, ठन्, ठञ्, टघण्, तल्, य, ड्वलच्, वलच्, छ, त्यप्, म, एण्य, मयट्, प्लञ्, डट्, तीय, उरच्, र, ग्मिनि, तिकन्, चि, डाच्, साति, विनि, टाप्, चाप्, डीप्, डीच्, डीन्, ऊङ्, ति।

४) कारकप्रकरणम् - सिद्धान्तकौमुदी-अनुसारं सुत्रसहितम्।

तृतीयो भागः

- १) अधोतिखित-छन्दसाम् अतङ्काराणां च परिज्ञानम् -
 - छन्दांसि -

अनुष्टुप्, आर्या, इन्द्रवज्रा, उपजाति, वंशस्थम्, द्वतवितम्बितम्, वसन्ततिलका, मालिनी, सम्धरा, शार्द्वतविक्रीडितम्, शिखरिणी, मन्दाकान्ता।

* अलङ्काराः -

अनुप्रासः, यमकम्, श्लेषः, उपमा, अर्थान्तरन्यासः, उत्प्रेक्षा, अतिशयोक्तिः, दृष्टान्तः, सन्देहः, भ्रान्तिमान्, निदर्शना।

- २) कारक-प्रत्यय-समास-आधारितवाक्यानाम् अशुद्धिसंशोधनम्।
 - उपसर्ग, प्रत्यय, अव्यय, विशेषण-विशेष्य विलोमपदं पर्यायपदञ्जेति।
- ३) संस्कृतसाहित्येतिहासः -
 - क) वैदिकसाहित्यम्।
 - ख) तौकिकसाहित्यम्।
- क) वैदिक साहित्यम् :-

वेदाः - ऋग्वेदः, यजुर्वेदः, सामवेदः, अथर्ववेदः (एतेषां सामान्यपरिचयः)।

सुक्तानि - अग्निः, पुरुषः, हिरण्यगर्भः, इन्द्रः, भूमिः, प्रजापतिः।

संवादसुक्तानि - यम-यमीसंवादः, पुरुरवा-उर्वशीसंवादः, शरमा-पणिसंवादः, शुनः शेपः आख्यानम्।

पुराणानि - अग्नि, ब्रह्म, विष्णु, वायु, पद्म, भागवत, स्कन्द, भविष्य (एतेषां सामान्यपरिचयः)।

उपनिषदः - ईश्व, कठ, केन, वृहदारण्यक, तैत्तिरीय, मुण्डक, माण्ड्रक्य, श्वेताश्वेतर

(एतेषां सामान्यपरिचयः)।

वेदाङ्गानि - शिक्षा, कल्पः, व्याकरणम्, ज्योतिषः, छन्दः, निरुक्तम् (एतेषां सामान्यपरिचयः)।

ख) तौकिकसाहित्यम् एवं कवयश्च :-

रामायणम्, महाभारतम्, श्रीमद्भगवद्गीता, अभिज्ञानशाकुन्तलम्, रघुवंशम्, कुमारसम्भवम्, बुद्धचरितम्, सौन्दरानन्दम्, किरातार्जुनीयम्, शिशुपालवधम्, नैषधीयचरितम्, जानकीहरणम्, हरविजयम्, मेघदूतम्, गीतगोविन्दम्, दशकुमारचरितम्, कादम्बरी, हर्षचरितम्, शिवराजविजयम्, स्वप्नवासवदत्तम्, मृच्छकटिकम्, उत्तररामचरितम्, मुद्रराक्षसम्, वेणीसंहारम्, रलावती, प्रियदर्शिका, नागानन्दम्, मालतीमाधवम्, अनर्घराघवम्, वासवदत्ता, हितोपदेशः, पञ्चतन्तम्, वृहत्कथा, कथासरित्सागरः। अधिनिकसंस्कृतकवयः :- देवर्षिः कलानाथशास्ती, भट्ट मथुरानाथशास्ती, पं. पद्मशास्ती,

डॉ. प्रभाकरशास्ती।

HTET LEVEL- 3

SUBJECT PUNJABI

MM: 60

Part -1 ਭਾਗ ਪਹਿਲਾ:- ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਕਲਿਤ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ:- ਜਮਾਤ ਨੈਵੀਂ ਅਤੇ ਦਸਵੀਂ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਕਿਰਨਾਂ -1 ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਕਿਰਨਾਂ -2 ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ – ਵਸਤੂ, ਕੇਂਦਰੀ ਭਾਵ, ਕਾਵਿ ਕਲਪਨਾ, ਕਾਵਿ ਗੁਣ, ਕਾਵਿ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ /ਵਾਰਤਕ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ – ਵਸਤੂ , ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ -ਵਿਚਾਰ , ਵਿਗਿਆਨਿਕ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ, ਗੱਦ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ। ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰੰਗ -1 ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰੰਗ -2 ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ -ਵਸਤੂ, ਕਹਾਣੀ ਵਿਚਲੀ ਸੰਵੇਦਨਾ, ਉਦੇਸ਼, ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ, ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਪਾਠਕ/ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦੇ ਮਨ ਉੱਤੇ ਪਏ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ । ਇਸ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਇਕਾਂਗੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਵਸਤੂ, ਪਾਤਰ ਰਿਤਰਣ, ਉਦੇਸ਼, ਨਾਟ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਰੰਗ ਮੰਚ,ਅਜੋਕੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਚ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਦੀ ਸਾਰਥਕਤਾ/ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗਿਕਤਾ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਿੰਨ- ਭਿੰਨ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ ਤੋਂ ਉਭਰਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।ਇਸੇ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਜੀਵਨੀਆਂ ਵਿਚ ਜੀਵਨੀ ਨਾਇਕ ਦੇ ਨਿੱਜੀ ਜੀਵਨ,ਉਸ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿਚ ਆਈਆਂ ਐਕੜਾਂ, ਉਸ ਦੇ ਸੰਘਰਸ਼,ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਨੂੰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਸੇਧ /ਪ੍ਰੇਰਣਾ ਆਦਿ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।

Part - 2 ਪਾਨ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਕਲਿਤ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ :- ਜਮਾਤ ਗਿਆਰਵੀਂ ਅਤੇ ਬਾਰ੍ਵੀਂ ਭਾਗ ਦੂਜਾ :-ਕਾਵਿ -ਕਮਾਈ (ਕਾਵਿ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ) ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਬਾਣੀ ਧਾਰਾ ,ਸੂਫ਼ੀ ਧਾਰਾ, ਵਾਰ ਧਾਰਾ, ਕਿੱਸਾ ਧਾਰਾ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਕਲਿਤ ਕੀਤੇ ਕਾਵਿ ਬੰਦਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ - ਵਸਤੂ, ਕੇਂਦਰੀ ਭਾਵ, ਕਾਵਿ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਤਤਕਾਲੀ ਕਦਰਾਂ - ਕੀਮਤਾਂ, ਰਚਨਾਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਨੁਭਵ,ਚਿੰਤਨ, ਵਿਸ਼ਵਾਸ, ਵੱਖਰੀਆਂ-ਵੱਖਰੀਆਂ ਕਾਵਿ ਧਾਰਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤ, ਭਿੰਨ - ਭਿੰਨ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ/ ਬੋਲੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪਸ਼ਨ ਦਿੱਤੇ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ। ਕਥਾ -ਕਹਾਣੀ (ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ) ਵਿਚਲੀਆਂ ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਉਤਰਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ -ਵਸਤੂ , ਬਾਲ -

ਮਨੇਵਿਗਿਆਨ, ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਸ,ਪਾਤਰ, ਸਿਰਲੇਖ ਉਦੇਸ਼ ਤੇ ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ।

ਕਾਵਿ-ਕੀਰਤੀ (ਕਾਵਿ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ) ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ, ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ-ਵਸਤੂ, ਕੇਂਦਰੀ ਭਾਵ, ਕਾਵਿ ਰੂਪ। ਕਾਵਿ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।

ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਗੱਦ ਰਤਨਾਕਰ (ਵਾਰਤਕ ਪੁਸਤਕ) ਵਿਚ ਦਰਜ ਵਾਰਤਕ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਪੇਸ਼ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ -ਵਸਤੂ, ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ ਵਿਚਾਰ, ਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟਕੋਣ ਤੇ ਗੱਦ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ। ਸ਼ੇਭਾ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ (ਨਾਟਕ) ਵਿਚ ਪੇਸ਼ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ-ਵਸਤੂ, ਪਾਤਰ ਚਿਤਰਨ, ਉਦੇਸ਼, ਨਾਟ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ,ਰੰਗ ਮੰਚ ਅਜੋਕੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਚ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਦੀ ਸਾਰਥਕਤਾ/ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗਿਕਤਾ ਆਦਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣ।

Part -3

ਭਾਗ ਤੀਜਾ :- ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਭੂਮਿਕਾ :-

- *ਵਰਣ ਬੋਧ (ਵਰਣ, ,ਲਗਾ -ਮਾਤਰਾ, ਲਗਾਖਰ)
- ਸ਼ਬਦ ਬੋਧ (ਨਾਂਵ, ਪੜਨਾਂਵ, ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ, ਕਿਰਿਆ, ਕਿਰਿਆ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ, ਸੰਬੰਧਕ, ਯੋਜਕ, ਲਿੰਗ ਬਦਲੋ, ਵਚਨ ਬਦਲੋ,ਕਾਰਕ, ਕਾਲ, ਪਦ-ਵੰਡ)
- *ਸ਼ਬਦ ਰਚਨਾ (ਅਗੇਤਰ, ਪਿਛੇਤਰ, ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ)
- * ਵਾਕ ਬੋਧ (ਵਾਕ ਰਚਨਾ, ਵਾਕ ਵੰਡ,ਵਾਕ –ਵਟਾਂਦਰਾ, ਵਿਸ਼ਰਾਮ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ)
- ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ ,ਸਮਾਨਾਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ, ਬਹੁ ਅਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ।
- ਮੁਹਾਵਰੇ ਅਤੇ ਅਖਾਣ।
- •ਅਣ ਡਿੱਠਾ ਪੈਰਾ (ਇਕ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿਚੋਂ, ਇਕ ਵਾਰਤਕ ਵਿਚੋਂ)
- *ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅਤੇ ਗੁਰਮੁੱਖੀ ਲਿੱਪੀ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ।
- •ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼
- ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ।(ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਤੇ ਸਹਾਇਕ ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ)
- ਪਿੰਗਲ (ਵਰਣ, ਮਾਤਰਾ, ਲਘੂ, ਗੁਰੂ, ਤੁਕ, ਤੁਕਾਂਗ, ਤੁਕਾਂਤ, ਯਤੀ, ਗਤੀ)
- ਛੰਦ (ਦੋਹਿਰਾ, ਸੋਰਨਾ, ਕਬਿਤ,ਬੈਂਤ, ਚੈਪਈ, ਸਵੱਈਆ)
- **•ਅਲੰਕਾਰ** (ਅਨੁਪ੍ਰਾਸ, ਉਪਮਾ, ਰੂਪਕ, ਦ੍ਰਿਸਟਾਂਤ , ਅਤਿ-ਕਥਨੀ)
- *ਕਾਵਿ ਰੂਪ ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਰੂਪ
- ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ।

SOCIOLOGY

Part - 1: Basic Concepts -

Development of Sociology in West and India.

Sociology: Meaning, Scope and Subject Matter.

Sociology and other Social Sciences.

Society & Social Group.

Social Stratification—Caste & Class system, Varna Systems.

Status and Role

Social Control

Culture

Socialization

Social Structure

Social Process & Social Deviance

Social Change and Mobility

Family, Marriage & Kinship

Part - 2: Indian Society & Social Change in India -

Tribe – National Development & Tribal Development, Tribal Identity Today.

Capitalism, Commoditization & Consumption.

Globalization, Liberalization & Marketisation.

Social inequality and exclusion- Social Inequality, Prejudices, discrimination, Social Exclusion – SC/ST/Woman/Divyangjan, Poverty Line, Untouchability, Other Backward Class, Commission, Adivasi Struggles, displacing adivasis& Rehabilitation, The Struggle for Women's Equality and Rights, The struggles of the Differently Abled.

Cultural diversity and India as National State, Difference between assimilationist and integrationist policies, Minority Rights and Nation Building, Communalism, secularism and the nation state, State and Civil Society.

Structural Change – Colonialism & Capitalism, Urbanization & Industrialization, Impact of British industrialization on India, Industrialization in Independent India, Urbanization in Independent India, Metropolitan Cities, Growth Rate of Urban Population in India, Smart City.

Cultural Change Concept - Social Reform Movements in the 19th and Early 20th Century.

Constitution & Social Change - Fundamental Right, Social Justice, Panchayati Raj, Gram swarajya, Political Parties & Pressure groups.

Change and Development in Rural & Urban Society - Agrarian Social Structure, The Impact of Land Reforms, Green Revolution, Migration, Contract farming, globalisation of agriculture, Rural & Agriculture Development Programmes, Industrialisation in India, Early Years of Indian Independence & After Independence.

Mass Media and Communications - The beginning of Modern Mass Media, Mass Media in British rule & Independent India, Print & social media.

Social Movements – Concept & Features, Social change and social movements, Ecological movement, Peasant movements, Workers movements, Caste Based Movements, Backward Class Movements, Tribal movements, Woman's Movements & NGO.

Part - 3: Sociological Thought/Social Research-

Karl Marx, Durkheim, Max Weber – Introduction & Theories.

G.S. Ghurye, D.P. Mukerji, A.R. Desai & M.N. Srinivas - Introduction & Theories.

Social Research – Meaning, Stages and Types, Data & Data Type, Tools of Data Collection & Theories.

Demography- Theories of Population, Concepts - Birth rate, Death rate, Natural increase, Fertility rate, Infant mortality, Life Expectancy, Sex Ratio, Age Structure, Dependency Ratio, Demographic Dividend, Literacy Rate, Size & Growth of Indian Population- 1901 to 2011, Epidemic & Pandemic diseases, Age Structure of the Indian Population, Rural-Urban Linkages and Divisions, Population Policy in India.

Social Ecology- Social Environments, Interaction between Environments & Society, Major Environmental Problem and Risks, Natural & Man made Environments Disasters, Sustainable Development.

Sociological Perspective on Markets and The Economy, Market concept, Weekly Tribal Market, Caste Based Market, Jajmani System, Traditional business Communities, The Virtual Market.

Computer Science

A ComputerSystem: History, Generations, Characteristics, Advantages and Limitations, Applications and Types of a Computer System CPU, ALU &CU, Input/outputDevices.

Memory: Units of Memory, Types of Memory.

Classification of Programming Language: Highlevellanguage, Machinelevellanguage.

History, Architecture and Characteristics of Microprocessor.

EncodingSchemesandNumberSystem: ASCII,UNICODE, Number system and conversions.

ComputerSoftware:-Systemsoftware

(Operatingsystem:itsneedandfunctions, Compiler, Interpreter, Assembler),

ApplicationSoftware,UtilitySoftware,DeviceDrivers,

MSWindow:Desktop,Taskbar,Icons,ThisPC,RecycleBin,FileExplorer,EdgeBrowser,Cut,Copy,Paste,Themeandbackground.

WordProcessor(MSWord): Components, Formatting, Alignment, Indents, Borders and Shading, Symbols, Shapes, ClipArt, Word Art, Headers and Footers, Tables, Page Setup, Printing.

Spreadsheet(MSExcel):Components, Workbook, Worksheet, Formatting, CellAddress, Cell pointer, Activecell, range ofcells,

Text, formulas, Date/Time, Charts, Types of charts, Components of chart, creating

chartinMSExcel, Printing worksheet/charts.

Functions:Sum(),Average(),Max(),Min(),Count()

PresentationSoftware(MSPower-Point): Components, Elements of a slide, Creating and saving a Presentation, Slide layouts, Slide Views, Formatting, Clip Art, Pictures, Shapes, Headers/Footers and slide numbers. Animation Schemes, Sound effects, Slide show.

B Problem Solving and Software Engineering (SDLC and Testing):

ProblemSolvingCycle: Analyze, Design, Coding, Implementation and Testing.

Algorithm: Need of algorithm, Design Algorithm using Flow chart.

Programming:Conceptandneedofprogramming.

ProgramConstructs:Sequence,Selection andrecurrence.

Major stages in SDLC- Requirement gathering and analysis (Survey), Investigation and factrecording (Feasibility study), Softwaredesign, Development (Coding), Testing, Implementation, Maintenance.

Testing- Black box and White box testing, Levels of testing- Unit testing, Integration testing, System testing and Acceptance testing.

GettingStartedwithPython:

Features of Python, working with Python interpreter in interactive and script mode, structure of a property of the structure of the str

ogram, identifiers, keywords, constants, variables, types of operators, precedence of operators, data types, statements, expressions, evaluation and comments, input and output statements, data type conversion, debugging.

ControlStructures: Sequence, Selection (decision) and repetition (iteration).

Function: Need of functions, user defined functions, built-infunctions.

Strings: Initializing and accessing strings, string operations.

List:Listoperations

Tuples:Creating,initializing,accessingelements,operationsonTuples.

Dictionary:Conceptofkey-valuepair,mutability,creating,initializing,dictionaryoperations.

Emerging Trends, Cyber Security and Societal Impacts: ArtificialIntelligence, MachineLearning,NaturalLanguageProcessing,Robotics, Big Data, Data Science, Internet of Things, Sensor, Smart cities,Cloud computing, Grid Computing, Block chain technology, 5G network, E-commerce.

CyberSecurity:Computervirus,Malware,Adware,worms, Trojan,Ransom ware, spyware, hackers and crackers, Safety measures, identityprotection,properusageofpasswords, confidentialityofinformation.

Digital footprints: Etiquettes of net surfing and for communication throughsocialmedia, intellectual property rights (IPR), Cybercrime and Cyberlaws, Hacking, Phishing, CyberBullying, Indian ITAct, CyberCrimePrevention.

Impact on Health, Health Problems related to use of Technology such asimpacton Eyes, Awarenessabout physical problems.

WebDesigningusingHTML: History of HTML, Text editor, Basic structure of HTML web

creating and saving an HTML document, accessing a webpage using webbrowser, container and empty elements.

HTMLelements, Text formatting elements, Lists, Inserting images, tables and links.

C Database, MS Accessand SQLD atabase: Need, Advantages, Concept of files, fields & records, Need of normalization, Normal forms.

MSAccess: Features, Components, DataTypes, Elements of MS

AccessDatabase, Creating/OpeningaDatabase, Primary Key, Setting Primary

Key, Creating Table in Datasheet view & Design View, Viewing, editing and printing Tables.

SQL:Advantages, Datatypes, Commands, Clauses, Functions.

Communication Technology and Computer Network

Transmissionmedia(guidedandunguided), Wired/wirelesscommunication, Wi-

Fi,Bluetooth,CloudComputing(PublicandPrivate)

Computer Network, Networking and its need, Types of computer Networks, Network Models and their protocols.

Internet: Internet, History of internet, Working of internet, Internet requirements, Firewalls, World Wide Web, WebBrowsers, WebBervers, WebPortal, Web Site, Search Engines, Web address/URL, Web Page, Concept of E-mail, Blogs, News Groups, E-mail, Video conferencing.

InternetProtocols:TCP/IP,FTP,TELNET,SMTP,HTTP,HTTPS,POP3.

Programming in C++ and Data structure through C++ : OOP Concepts: Object, Class, Encapsulation,

Hiding/Abstraction, Inheritance/Reusability, Polymorphism/Overloading.

Datatypes, Operators & Expressions, Control Statements & Loops.

Array(1 D&2D)&Structure:Creatingstructurevariables,Arrayofstructure,Passing structurememberstofunction.

Class&ObjectinC++,Classdeclaration,Datamembers&memberfunctions, Private & public members, Function defined inside & outside theclass, Nesting member functions,

Accessing class member functions, Useofscope resolution(::) operator.

Arrayusedin class, Friend Function, Constructor & Destructor.

Inheritance: Baseclass, Derived class, Visibility modes, Types of Inheritance.

DataStructure(throughC++):Data,Dataitem,DataStructure,Stack,Push and Pop operation on stack, Linear Queue, Insertion & Deletion inLinearQueue, ArraySorting.

Subject related Pedagogy.

Commerce

A) **Business, Trade and Commerce**: Business an introduction, Classification of Business activities, Business Risk: Nature and causes.

Forms of Business organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Joint Hindu family business, partnership organisation, co-operative society, company organisation, choice of form of business organisation.

Private, Public and Global Enterprise: Departmental undertaking, Statutory Corporation, Government company, Global enterprise/Multi National company, public private partnership (PPP).

Business Services: Banking, Insurance, postal and telecom services.

Emerging modes of Business: E-commerce, E-Business.

Social Responsibility of Business: Social responsibility, Business Ethics.

Nature and Significance of Management: Management an introduction, Nature of management, levels of management, functions of management, Co-ordination.

Principles of Management: Principles of Scientific management by Taylor, General Principles of Management by Fayol.

Business Environment: Concept of Business Environment, Dimensions of Business Environment, Concept of Demonetisation.

Planning: Concept of planning, Types of plans.

Organising: Organising as a process, Organisational structure, Delegation and decentralisation.

Staffing: Meaning and importance, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development.

Directing: Importance and Principles, Supervision, Motivation, Leadership, Communication.

Controlling: Concept of controlling, Controlling process, Controlling techniques.

Business Finance: Financial management, Financial decision, Financial planning, capital structure, fixed and working capital.

Marketing and Marketing Mix: Marketing, Elements of Marketing Mix.

B) Introduction to Accounting: Concept of Accounting, Basic Accounting terms, Theory Base of Accounting: Fundamental Accounting assumptions: GAAP, Basic accounting concepts, Systems of accounting, Basis of Accounting, Accounting standards, Goods and service tax.

Recording of Transactions-I: Business transactions and source Documents, Accounting Equation, Double entry system, Journal, Ledger.

Recording of Transactions-II: Cash Book, Subsidiary Books.

Bank Reconciliation Statement: Preparation of Bank Reconciliation statement as per cash book, Preparation of Bank Reconciliation statement as per pass book.

Trial Balance and Rectification of Errors: Trial Balance, Rectification of Errors.

Depreciation, Provisions and Reserves: Depreciation, provisions and reserves.

Financial Statements with Adjustments of sole proprietorship.

Accounting for Partnership-Basic concepts: Fundamentals of partnership, Special

aspects of partnership Accounts, Maintenance of capital accounts of partners, Distribution of profit amongst partners, Past Adjustments, Guarantee of profit to a partner.

Reconstitution of Partnership Firm –Admission of a Partner: Change in profit sharing ratio, Goodwill, Admission of a new partner, New profit sharing ratio and sacrificing ratio, Treatment of goodwill, Adjustment of reserves, accumulated profits and losses, Revaluation of assets and Reassessment of liabilities, Adjustment of capitals.

Reconstitution of a Partnership Firm-Retirement/Death of a Partner: Ascertaining the amount due to retiring/Deceased partner, New profit sharing Ratio and Gaining ratio, Treatment of Goodwill, Adjustment of reserves and accumulated profits and losses, Adjustment of Revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, Disposal of amount due to retiring partner, Adjustment of partner's capitals, Death of a partner.

Dissolution of Partnership Firm: Dissolution of partnership firm and partnership, settlement of Accounts, Accounting treatment.

C) **Formation of a Company**: Stages in formation of a company, Documents used in formation of a company.

Sources of Business Finance: Concept, owned funds and borrowed funds. **Accounting for Share Capital**: Meaning, nature and types of share capital, Nature and classes of shares, Accounting treatment of issue and forfeiture of shares.

Issue of Debentures: Meaning of Debentures, Types of Debentures, Issues of Debentures (Accounting treatment), Terms of issue of Debentures, Interest on Debentures, Writing off discount/loss on issue of Debentures.

Financial Statements of a Company: Types of financial Statements.

Accounting Ratios: Types of Accounting ratios, Meaning, Objectives, advantages and limitations of accounting ratios.

Cash Flow Statement: Classification of activities for preparation of cash flow statement, preparation of cash flow statement as per AS3.

Overview of Computerised Accounting System: Introduction: Application in Accounting, Features of computerised Accounting system, structure of CAS, Software packages; generic, specific, tailored.

Accounting Application of Electronic Spreadsheet: Concept and features of electronic spread sheet, Application in generating Accounting Information-Bank reconciliation statement, Asset accounting, loan, repayment of loan schedule, ratio analysis.

Data representation- Graphs, charts and diagrams.

Computerised Accounting System: Steps in installation of CAS, codification and Hierarchy of account heads, creation of accounts, Data; entry, validation and verification, Adjusting entries, preparation of Balance sheet, Profit and loss account with closing and opening entries, Need and security features of the system.

MSME and Business Entrepreneurship: Meaning of small scale enterprise as per MSMED Act,2006, Entrepreneurship, Meaning and types of Intellectual property rights.

Internal Trade: Wholesale trade, Retail trade, GST.

International Trade: International trade – an introduction, International trade institutions and agreement.

Consumer Protection: Introduction and importance of consumer protection, Consumer protection Act 1986(Amendments in 2019)

Subject related Pedagogy.

Geography

- A) Geography of India:India-Size, Location and neighbouring countries, Physical structure and Physiographic divisions, Drainage, Climate and Monsoon, Natural Vegetation and Wildlife, Natural Hazards and Disasters, Water Resources, Land Resources and Agriculture, Minerals and Energy Resources, Manufacturing Industries, Population Distribution, Density, Growth, Composition, Human Settlements-Types, Patterns and Distribution, Transport and Communication, International Trade, Hazards and Disasters in India, Planning and Sustainable Development in Indian Context, Geographical Perspective on Selected Issues and Problems, Subject Related Padagogy.
- B) PhysicalGeography: Geography as a Discipline, its development and scope, Solar system, Motions of the Earth, The Origin and Evolution of the Earth, Origin and distribution of Oceans and Continents, Earth's Interior- Structure and composition, Geomorphic Processes, Landforms and Their Evolution, Composition and Structure of Atmosphere, Solar Radiation, Heat Balance and Temperature, Atmospheric Circulation and Weather Systems, Water in the Atmosphere, World Climate and Climate Change, Oceanic Water and its movement ,Biodiversity and Conservation, Subject Related Padagogy.
- C) HumanGeography: Human Geography: Meaning, principles, Nature and Scope, Human Development, Economic activities- Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary Activities, World Population Distribution, Density, Growth and Composition, Transport and Communication, International Trade, Subject Related Padagogy.

Political Science

A) **Political Theory:** Nature Scope and Significance of Political Theory, Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory, State-Elements and various theories of its origin, Nature & functions, Sovereignty, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Rights, Citizenship, Nationalism, Secularism, Peace and Concept of Development, Constitutionalism, Consumers Protection Rights, Feminism.

Form of Government: Democratic and Dictatorship, Parliamentary and Presidential (with reference to UK, India and USA). Unitary and Federal (with reference to UK, India and USA).

Democracy: Concept, various types, theories and methods of representation in Democracy, Popular Struggle and various Movements for Democracy. Various Challenges to Democracy, Inequality, Poverty, Economic Growth and Development, Illiteracy, Linguism, Religionlism, Communalism, Casteism, Separatism, Political Violence, National Integration, Gender issues, Religion, Marginalization.

B) Indian Constitution: Constitutional Development and making of Constitution of India, Sources, Features, Preamble and Political Philosophy, Citizenship. Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy, The Union Executive- President, Vice President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Union Legislature – Composition, Procedure of Law making, Committee System, Amendment Procedure, Socio-Political impact of Constitutional Amendment, State legislature.

Indian judiciary- Supreme Court, High Court, Judicial Review and Judicial Activities Public Interest litigation, Right to Information in India. Federalism and its

working with reference to Union & States relations, NITI Aayog and National Development Council (NDC), Public Policy, Official language, Development of Panchayati Raj Institutions and 73rd Constitutional Amendment and 74th Amendment regarding Urban Local Government, Election Commission, Electoral Process and Electoral Reforms, Politics of Defection, Party System in India, National and Regional Political Parties, Interest Groups and Pressure Group, Coalition Government, Politics of Reservation.

C) International Relation & Politics: Evolution and various approaches to the study of International Relations & Politics, National power, National Interest, Balance of Power, Collective Security, World Government, New International Economic order, World Trade Organisation.

UNO: Origin and evolution of UNO, Organs of UNO, Specialized Agency of UNO, Role of Security Council, Role of Secretary General of UNO, Democratization of UNO, UN and Unipolar World, UN and Security in Contemporary World, UN and Human Rights.

Foreign Policy of India: Basic principles, India and its neighbours (Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Srilanka and China) relation with USA and Russia, Era of Cold War and PostCold War. NAM and its relevance, Collapse of Bipolarity, New World Order, European Union, SAARC, ASEAN, WTO, IME, World Bank, India's role in G-7, G-20, SCO and BRICS, Disarmament, India's Security Strategy, Nuclear Policy of India, Globalization, Environmentalism, International Terrorism.

Subject related Pedagogy.

HISTORY

- Ancient India: Sources of Ancient Indian History, Prehistoric Civilization: From Hunter-gatherer to Neolithic Revolution. Harappan Civilization: Sites and salient features etc. Religious Trends: Vedic, Buddhism and Jainism: Basic Facts and comparison. Mahajanapad Period Polity and Economy, Mauryan Empire: Administration and Policies. Foreign Invaders and their inclusion in Indian culture, Post Mauryan states and political developments in India, Southern states: Chalukayas, The Pallavas and Cholas, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India: Trade and major trade routes, urbanization. Gupta and Vardhana Empire: Socio-cultural life, Economy, administration etc. Expansion of Indian Culture in World. Art & Architecture from ancient to Post Gupta period.
- B) Medieval India: Sources of History of Medieval India (700AD to 1750AD). Dynasties and rulers in Early Medieval India(700AD to 1200AD): Tripartite Struggle: The Palas, The Pratiharas and Rastrakutas, King Dhahir and Anangpal, Suhaldev and Prithvi Raj Chauhan. Delhi Sultanate and Mughals: Administration & Policies, Vijaynagar Empire, Chattarpati Shivaji and Marathas, Medieval Art & Architecture, languages and Literature etc. Social- Religious Movements (Bhakti, Sufi, Tradition of Sikh Gurus, Nayanars and Alwars etc.), Trade and Commerce, Art & Architecture, Urban Centers, Agrarian Society during Medieval India.
- C) Modern India: Sources of Modern Indian History. India in 18th Century.

 European Companies and their conflict in Bengal and other Indian states. Change in
 Land Revenue System and Early Indian Resistance. Revolution 1857: Causes,
 Events, Nature and Repercussion. Indian Renaissance of 18th century: Women and
 Low caste emancipation. British Education Policy. Colonization and its effect on
 indigenous textile industry: Origin of Industrialization. Urbanization and
 Architecture during Colonial Period. Rise of Nationalism, Indian National

Movement (1885-1947), Role of Gandhi Ji, Neta Ji & INA, Independence & Partition, Framing of Indian Constitution, Role of Haryana in Indian National Movement. Fifty years of Indian Independence.

D) World History: History of Human Evolution: Origin of Homo Sepienn. Prehistoric Man: History, tools etc. Mesopotamian, Egyption, Greek and Roman Civilizations. Rise of Islam: Caliphate, Crusade and Confucianism, Jews and Parsi Philosophies, Genghis Khan and Mongolian Empire, Feudalism in Europe during medieval period, the role of Church in the socio-political life of Europe. European Renaissance: Development of urban Centers in Medieval Europe. Maya Civilization and Inca Civilization, Nationalism in Europe during 17-19th Centuries. Nationalism in Indo-China, Colonization, Imperialism, Modernization in Japan, China: From European colony to communist state. Subject related Pedagogy.

Economics

A) **Economics:** Meaning, Definitions, Scope, Economic Problem, Production Possibility Curve (PPC).

Data Collection: Sources of Data, Methods of Data Collection, National Sample Survey Organization (N.S.S.O.), Census of India.

Data Presentation: Geometric Forms (Bar and Pie Diagram), Frequency diagrams (Histogram, Polygon and Ogive), Arithmetic line graphs (Time Series Graph).

Measure of Central Tendency: Arithmetic Mean (Simple and Weighted), Harmonic Mean, Geometric Mean, Median, Mode, Decile, Quartile, Percentile. Measures of Dispersion: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Measures of Relative Dispersion.

Correlation: Scatter Diagram, Karl Pearson's Method, Spearman's Rank Correlation Method, Con-current Deviation Method.

Index Numbers: Meaning, Various types of Index Numbers, Uses of Index Number, Consumer Price Index (CPI). Wholesale Price Index, AICPIN, Time and Factor Reversal Tests, Base shifting.

Indian Economy on the Eve of Independence: Characteristics of Indian Economy- Pre and Post Independence.

Economic Planning: Meaning, Planning Commission, Characteristics of Indian Economic Planning, Five Years Economic Plans, Success and Failure of Five Year Economic Plans, Green revolution, Niti Aayog.

New Economic Reforms: New Economic Policy-1991, LPG (Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization).

B) **Poverty:** Type of poverty, Data analysis of Poverty in India, Poverty Alleviation Programs.

Rural Development: Various Programs of Rural Development, Agriculture Credit, Cooperative Banks, Agricultural Marketing, NABARD.

Employment: Meaning, Types of Unemployment, Employment Generation Programs.

Infrastructure: Energy, Transport and Communication, Irrigation, Health, Financial Institutions.

Sustainable Development: Meaning, Measurement of Sustainable Development, Environment's Role, Environmental Pollution.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): Concepts of National Income, Human Development Index (HDI), HPI Index, PQLI Index.

Micro Economics: Definitions, Nature and Scope, Limitations.

Economic Problem: Central problems of Economy, Production Possibility Curve (PPC) & its applications, Capitalist Economy, Mixed Economy and Socialistic Economy, Opportunity Cost.

Consumer Behaviour: Utility Analysis – Cardinal & Ordinal, Budget line, Indifference Curve and its characteristics, Applications of Indifference Curves, Consumer Equilibrium, Marginal rate of substitution (MRS).

Demand Analysis: Law of Demand, Normal, Inferior and Giffin Goods, Determinants, Exceptions of Law of Demand, Price Effect, Income Effect and Substitution Effect, Hick's and Slutsky's theory, Revealed Preference Approach.

Elasticity of Demand: Degrees, Type and measurement of Elasticity of demand, Uses/Importance of Price and Income Elasticity of Demand.

Production function: Basic concepts, Law of Return of Scale, Law of Return to a Factor, Economics and Diseconomies of Scale, MRTS.

Cost: Classical and Modern theory of Cost, Concepts of Cost, Short run and Long run Costs, Relationship between various Cost Curves.

C) Revenue: Concepts of Revenue and their inter-relationship.

Markets: Perfect competition, Equilibrium of firm and industry, Supply Curve, Market price and Normal price, Control price and Support price, Food Availability Decline (FAD) Theory.

Monopoly, Monopolistic competition and oligopoly: Features and Comparisons of various models of Oligopoly and Duopoly.

Macroeconomics: Nature, Scope and Limitations, Stock and Flow. Circular flow of Income: Real and Monetary Flow, Two, Three and Four Sector Models, Withdrawals and Injections.

National Income: Concepts related to National Income, Income Method, Product Method, Expenditure Method, National Income Accounting, Nominal National Income, Real GDP, GNP Deflator.

Money: Meaning and Definitions of money, concept of Near Money, Functions of Money, Money Supply, Determinate of money supply, RBI and its role in controlling money supply. Functions of commercial and Central Bank, credit creation.

Determination of output and Employment : AD and AS analysis, MPC, APC, APS, MPS, MEC, supply price, Prospective yield, Classical approach and Keynesian approach of Employment, Consumption Hypothesis.

Investment Multipliers: Meaning, MPC & Multiplier, Forward and Backward action of Multiplier, Static and Dynamic multiplier.

Deficient and Excess Demand: Inflationary Gap, Measures to control Deficient and Excess demand, Role of Monetary Policy, Fiscal Policy and Foreign Trade Policy.

Government Budget: Meaning, Objectives & structure of budget, Budget receipts, Tax and Non -tax receipts, Budget Expenditure, Budget Deficit – Meaning, Types and Measurement, Deficit Budgeting, Balance Budget.

Foreign Exchange Rate: Meaning, Types; Exchange Rate Theories.

Balance of Payments (B.O.P.): Components, Disequilibrium in BOP, Method to control adverse BOP, BOP in Economic plans, Balance of Trade (BOT).

Subject related Pedagogy.

Mathematics

A) Arithmetic, Algebra and Trigonometry: Real number system and its analysis,

Arithmetic Progressions, Polynomials, Linear equations in two variables, Quadratic Equations, Introduction to Trigonometry and its applications to find Heights and Distances.

Geometry and Mensuration: Euclid's Geometry, Lines and Angles, Congruence and Similarity of Triangles, Quadrilateral, Circle, Heron's Formula, Area Related to Circles, Surface area and Volumes of combination of Solids.

Statistics and Probability: Bar graph, Histogram, Frequency Polygon, Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode and Measures of Dispersion: Range, Mean deviation, variance and standard deviation of ungrouped/grouped data. Probability Theoretical Approach, Axiomatic Approach, Conditional Probability, Multiplication Theorem on Probability, Independent Events, Bayes' Theorem, Theorem of total probability.

- B) **Sets, Relations and Functions:** Sets and their Representations, Types of Sets, Venn Diagrams, Operations on Sets (Union, Intersection, Difference), Complement of a Set ,Ordered Pairs, Cartesian Product of Sets, Relation and its types, Function and its Types, Algebra of Functions, Composition of Functions, Invertible Functions, Radian and Degree Measure, Trigonometric Functions and their Graphs, Principal Value and Properties of Inverse Trigonometric Functions.
 - Algebra: Complex Numbers and Quadratic Equations, Argand Plane, Linear Inequalities, Linear Programming Problem and its Mathematical Formation, Permutations and Combinations, Binomial Theorem, Pascal's Triangle, Sequences and Series(G.P.), Relation between Arithmetic and Geometric Means, Matrices and its Types, Operations on Matrices, Transpose of a Matrix, Symmetric and Skew Symmetric Matrices, Invertible Matrices, Determinants of matrices of order one, two and three, Area of a Triangle using Determinants, Minors and Cofactors, Adjoint and Inverse of a Matrix, Solution of system of linear equations using inverse of a matrix.
- Calculus: Intuitive Idea of Limit, Limits of different functions(Polynomial, Rational, Trigonometric, Exponential and Logarithmic functions), Definition of Continuity and Differentiability, Algebra of Continuous and Differentiable functions, Definition of Derivative, Algebra of Derivatives, Derivatives of different functions (Polynomial function, Trigonometric function, Composite functions, Chain Rule, Implicit functions, Inverse Trigonometric functions, Exponential and Logarithmic functions), Logarithmic Differentiation, Derivatives of functions in Parametric Forms, Second Order Derivative, Rate of change of Quantities, Application of Derivatives, Increasing and Decreasing functions, Maxima and Minima, Process of Integration, Different methods of Integration, Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, Evaluation of Definite Integrals by Substitution, Properties of Definite Integrals. Application of Integrals, Area under Simple Curves.

Vectors and Coordinate Geometry: Two and Three Dimensional Coordinate Geometry, Straight Lines, Conic Sections(circles, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola, a point, a straight line and a pair of intersecting lines as a degenerated case of a conic section), Coordinate axes and Coordinate planes in three dimensions, Distance between two points, Definition of Vector, Position Vector, Direction Cosines, Types of Vectors, Addition of Vectors, Multiplication of a vector by a Scalar, Components of a Vector, Vector joining Two Points, Section Formula, Scalar (or dot) Product of Two Vectors, Projection of a Vector on a line, Vector (or cross) product of Two Vectors, Direction Cosines and Direction Ratios of a Line, Equation of a Line in Space, Angle between two Lines, Shortest Distance between Two Lines. **Subject related Pedagogy**.

Psychology

A) Understanding Mind and Behaviour; Popular Notions about the Discipline of Psychology; Evolution of Psychology; Development of Psychology in India; Branches of Psychology; Psychology and Other Disciplines; Psychology in Everyday Life.

Methods of Enquiry in Psychology, Goals of Psychological Enquiry; Steps in Conducting Scientific Research; Alternative Paradigms of Research; Nature of Psychological Data; Some Important Methods in Psychology; Observational Method, Experimental Method, Correlational Research, Survey Research, Psychological Testing, Case Study, Analysis of Data: Quantitative Method, Qualitative Method, Limitations of Psychological Enquiry; Ethical Issues.

Sensory, Attentional and Perceptual Processes, Knowing the world; Nature and varieties of Stimulus; Sense Modalities; Functional limitation of sense organs; Attentional Processes; Selective Attention, Sustained Attention; Perceptual Processes; Processing Approaches in Perception; The Perceiver; Principles of Perceptual Organisation; Perception of Space, Depth and Distance: Monocular Cues and Binocular Cues, Perceptual Constancies; Illusions; Socio-Cultural Influences on Perception.

Learning, Nature of Learning; Paradigms of Learning; Classical Conditioning; Determinants of Classical Conditioning; Operant/Instrumental Conditioning, Determinants of Operant Conditioning; Key Learning Processes; Observational Learning; Cognitive Learning; Verbal Learning; Skill Learning; Factors Facilitating Learning; Learning Disabilities.

Human Memory, Nature of memory; Information Processing Approach: The Stage Model; Memory Systems: Sensory, Short-term and Long-term Memories; Levels of Processing; Types of Long-term Memory: Declarative and Procedural, Episodic and Semantic, Nature and Causes of Forgetting: Forgetting due to Trace Decay, Interference and Retrieval Failure, Enhancing Memory: Mnemonics using Images and Organisation.

B) Human Development, Meaning of Development; Life-Span Perspective on Development; Factors Influencing Development; Context of Development; Overview of Developmental Stages; Prenatal Stage, Infancy, Childhood, Challenges of Adolescence, Adulthood and Old Age.

Thinking; Nature of Thinking; Building Blocks of Thought; The Processes of Thinking; Problem Solving; Reasoning; Decision making; Nature and Process of Creative Thinking; Nature of Creative Thinking; Process of Creative Thinking; Thought and Language; Development of Language and Language Use.

Motivation and Emotion; Nature of Motivation; Types of Motives; Biological Motives, Psychosocial Motives, Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs; Nature of Emotions; Expression of Emotions; Culture and Emotional Expression; Culture and Emotional Labelling; Managing Negative Emotions; Enhancing Positive Emotions.

Self and Personality; Concept of self; Cognitive and behavioural aspect of self; Self-esteem, self-efficacy, self-regulation; culture and self; Concept of personality; Major approaches to the study of personality: Type approaches, Trait approaches, Psychodynamic approaches, Behavioural approaches, Cultural approaches, Humanistic approaches; Assessment of personality: Self-report, Projective technique, Behavioural analysis.

Stress; Effects of stress on psychological functioning and health: Stress and health, General adaptation syndrome, Stress and immune system, Life style; Coping with stress: Stress management technique, Prompting positive health and well-being: Life

skills, Positive health.

C) Individual Differences in Human functioning; Intelligence; Theories of Intelligence: one factor theory, two factor theory, theory of primary mental abilities, structure of intellect model, theory of multiple intelligences, Triarchic theory of intelligence, Planning, attention -arousal and simultaneous successive model of intelligence; Individual Differences in Intelligence: Variations of intelligence; Culture and Intelligence; Emotional Intelligence; Special abilities: Aptitude: Nature and measurement; Creativity.

Concepts of abnormality and psychological disorder; Historical background; Classification of psychological disorder; Factors underlying abnormal behaviour; Major psychological disorder: Anxiety disorder- generalised anxiety disorder, panic disorder, phobia, OCD, PTSD, Somatoform disorder- pain disorder, somatisation disorder, conversion disorder, hypochondriasis, Dissociative disorder- Dissociative amnesia, dissociative fugue, dissociative identity, depersonalisation, Mood disorder, Schizophrenic disorder, Behavioural and developmental disorder, Substance use disorder.

Therapeutic Approaches; Nature and the process of psychotherapy: Therapeutic relationship; Types of therapies: behavioural therapy, cognitive therapy, Cognitive behaviour therapy, humanistic existential therapy, alternative therapy; Rehabilitation of mentally ill.

Attitude and social cognition; Social behaviour; Nature and components of attitudes; Attitude formation and Change; attitude formation, attitude change, attitude behaviour relationship Prejudice and discrimination; strategies for handling prejudice.

Social Influence and Group Processes; Nature and Formation of Group; Type of Groups; Influence of group on individual behaviour: Social learning, Group polarisation. **Subject related Pedagogy**.

Home Science

- A) Food, its Functions, nutrition, nutrients, health, nutritional status, malnutrition, Food and personal hygiene and cleanliness, balanced diet, basic food groups, meal planning, clinical nutrition and dietetics, knowledge regarding health indicators of family, community and society, nutrition health and welfare in different stages of life, public-health & nutrition, nutritional programmes in India, food processing and technology, food preservation, food quality and food safety, food standards and regulations in India and international organisations and agreements in the area of food standards, food safety management system.
- B) Concepts and Principles of growth and development and factors affecting growth and development, play, stages of life span, age specific milestones(Birth to 3 years)Physical, Motor, Social, Emotional, Cognitive and language, Understanding yourself: Adolescence, early childhood care and education(ECCE) Management of support services, Institutions and programs for children, Youth and elderly, Familyits types functions and role in holistic development of family values, Family resources, Their types and characteristics, Time management, Energy management, Money management, Work simplification, Waste management, Hospitality management, Consumer education and protection, Measures of safety and management of emergencies, First-Aid.
- C) **Fibre:** Its classification and characteristics fabric manufacturing, Yarn processing, Fabric around us, Traditional textiles of India, Clothing, its functions and selections

for different age groups, Care and maintenance of fabrics and apparel in home and institutions, Stain removal, Design for fabric and apparel, Fashion design and merchandising, Concept of home science and field of home science and recent trends, Communication medium and technology, Work livelihood and career, Entrepreneur and entrepreneurship, Development communication and journalism, Information and communication technology, Corporate communication and public relations.

Subject related Pedagogy.

Fine Arts

- A) Introduction of art, Principles of art and design, Shadangof Indian art, Importance of art in culture.
- B) Traditional and modern techniques, Process and Procedures in art (Painting, Sculpture, Applied art, Graphic, Mural and multimedia art) Prespective, Indian folk
- C) Indian national flag and its Evolution, Indian art history and development from prehistoric time to contemporary period including applied art and architecture and graphic. Subject related Pedagogy.

Music

A) ifjHkk"kk,;%& /ofu] ukn ¼vkgr ukn] vukgr ukn½] ehaM] d.k]
eqdhZ] [kVdk] vkyki] rku] oknhLoj] lEoknh Loj] vuqoknh
Loj] fooknh Loj] oftZr Loj] vkjksg] vojksg] idM+ LFkkbZ]
vUrjk] le] rkyh] [kkyh] foHkkx] vkorZuU;kl] fuc) xku]
vfuc) xku] 'kq) Loj] fod r Loj] y;] rkyA

mùkjvkSjnf{k.kHkkjrh; laxhri)fr%mùkjhvkSjnf{k.kHkkjrh; laxhri)fresalekukrk,; o fofHkUurk,;] mùkjhvkSjnf{k.kHkkjrh; laxhri)fresa Loj vkSjrkyesafofHkUurk,;] mùkjhvkSjnf{k.kHkkjrh; laxhri)fr ds vkfo"dkjddkSuFks] nksuksai)fr;ksa dh xk;u 'kSfYk;ksa ds ukeA

thou ifjp;%& ia0 tljkt] fd'kksjhvkeksudj] ia0 fo".kqfnxEcjIyqLdj] ia0 'kkjaxnso] vksedkjukFkBkdgj] cM+sxqykevyh [kk;] yrkeaxs'kdj] rkulsu] lnkjax&vnkjax] cStwckojk] lHkhlaxhrdkjksa dk laxhrtxresa ;ksxnkulfgrlEiw.kZifjp;A

xzke%&xzke dk 'kkfCndvFkZ ,oaifjHkk"kk] xzke ds çdkj
¼"kM+t xzke] e/;e xzke] xU/kkj xzke½] eqPÌZuk dk
'kkfCndvFkZrFkkifjHkk"kk] eqPÌZuk ds y{.k]
eqPÌZukvkSjvkjksgesavUrj] eqPÌZuk ds çdkj] "kM+t] e/;e
vkSjxU/kkjxzke dh eqPÌZukvksa ds ukeA

fl)kUr%&dkseyjs/kokysjkxksa fu/kkZj.kvFkoklfU/k çdk'k¼jkx½] 'kq) js /k okysjkx dk le; fu/kkZj.k] dkseyxuh okysjkx dk le; fu/kkZj.k] e/;e ds ls le; fu/kkZj.k ¼v/oZn'kZd Loj dk fu/kkZj.k] ls iwokZaxvkSjmrjkaxccyjkx] oknh&lEoknh le; rqvksa ds vuqlkj le; fu/kkZj.kA

FkkV&jkxxk;drFkkokXxs;dkj%&FkkV dh ifjHkk"kk] muds uke] FkkV ds fu;e] 10 FkkVksaesayxusokys Loj] jkx dh ifjHkk"kk

```
o fu;e] jkxvkSjFkkVesavUrj] xk;dksa ds xq.kvkSjvoxq.k]
okXxs;dkj dh ifjHkk"kkrFkk fo'ks"krk,;A
fuEufyf[krjkxksa dk iw.kZ 'kkL=h; ifjp;%&Hkwikyh] HkSjo]
HkSjoh] ;eu] HkheIyklh] o`Unkouhlk;jx]
                                         [kekt] vklkojh]
tkSuigjh] ;eu] ns'k] fcgkxAmijksDrjkxksaesaFkkV] tkfr]
Loj]U;kl ds Loj] oknh&lEoknh Loj çd`fr]
                                             leçd`frjkx]
vkjksg] vojksg] idM+ ds Loj rFkk fo'ks"krk,;A
Rkkuiqjk
          \mathtt{d}\mathtt{k}
               ifjp;%&rkuiqjs
                              dk
                                    vFkZ
                                            rkuigis
                                                      dh
cukoVvkSjrkuigjs ds vaxksa ds uke] rkuigjs dh rkjksadks
fdu&2
        lqjksaesafeyk;ktkldrkgS] rkuiqjsdksfdlrjg
cSBdjctk; ktkldrkqSA
laxhrxzaFk%&ukV~;'kkL=]
laxhrjRukdjvkSjlaxhrifjtkrxzUFkesafdrus v/;k;
lEcfU/krqS] rhuksaxzUFkksa dh laxhrlEcU/khfo"k; lkexzh]
fdldkyesafy[ks x, Fks] buxzUFkksadksfduxzUFkdkjksa
fy[kkA
           Nk;kyxjkx]
'kq)jkx]
                         ladh.kZjkx%&
                                         'kq)]
                                                 Nk; kyx]
ladhZ.kjkxksa dh ifjHkk"kk] 'kq) jkxksa ds uke fyf[k,]
Nk;kyxjkxksa ds uke crkbZ;s] ladhZ.kjkxksa ds ukeksa dk
mYys[k
                          dfj;s]
                                                     'kq)
Nk; kyxladhZ.kjkxoxhZdj.kfdldkyesaçpfyrFkkA
rky%&rhurky] ,drky] pkSrky] #id rky] >irky] /kekjrky]
nknjk] dgjok] mijksDrlHkhrkyksa dk lEiw.kZifjp;] ek=k]
foHkkx| rkyh| [kkyh] mijksDrrkysfduxk;u 'kSfYk;ksa ds
lkFkctkbZtkrhgS] mijksDrrkyksa dh Fkkq] nqxqu] frxqu]
pkSxquesafy[kuk A
laxhr dk bfrgkl%&oSfnddky ls 12oha 'krkCnhrd] e/;dky ls
vk/kqfuddkyrdlaxhr dk bfrqkl] vk/kqfuddkyesalaxhr ds {ks=
esalEHkkouk, aA
xk;u&'kSfy;k;%&xhr
                       dh
                              ifjHkk"kk
                                                   Hkkx]
y{.kxhrifjHkk"kkrFkkeqÙo]
                              ljxexhrifjHkk"kkrFkkegÙo]
rjkukifjHkk"kkrFkkegÙo]
                            [; ky
                                            'kkfCndvFkZ]
                                     dk
çdkjrFkkfo'ks"krk,;] /kzqoin dh ifjHkk"kkvkSjckfu;k; rFkk
muds laLFkkidA
               dhifjHkk"kk]
Jqfr%&Jqfr
                                Jqfr;ksa
                                                    uke]
ckphurFkkvk/kqfudxzUFkdkjksa }kjkJqrh&LojLFkkiukA
                 ifjHkk"kk] o.kZ
o.kZ%&o.kZ
           dh
                                     ds
                                         çdkj]
                                                o.kksZa
}kjkvaydkjksa dk fuekZ.k] o.kZ dk laxhresaegDoA
vyadk; %&vyadk;
              dh
                    ifjHkk"kk]
                                vyadkj
                                       dk
                                             eqÙol
                                                    'ka)
vkSjfod`rLojksaesavyadkjksadksfy[kuk]
                                        rhurky]
                                                  nknjk]
dgjok] #id rkyksaesavyadkjfy[kus dh {kerkA
lIrd%&lIrd dh ifjHkk"kk] lIrd ds çdkj] eUnzlIrd] e/;
lIrd] rkjlIrddksfpUgksa }kjkLi"VdjukA
yksdxhr%&yksdxhr dh ifjHkk"kk] yksdxhr dk 'kkL=h;laxhr ls
lEcU/k] yksdxhresac;qDrqksusokyhrkysaA
lqxelaxhr%&lqxelaxhr dh ifjHkk"kk] lqxelaxhr dh
```

B) xr%&xr dh ifjHkk"kk] xr ds çdkj] xr dh fo'ks"krk,;A >kyk%&>kyk dh ifjHkk"kkvkSjfo'ks"krk,;] >kyk dh y;A rku%&rku dh ifjHkk"kk] rku ds çdkjA y{k.kxhr%&y{k.kxhr dh ifjHkk"kkrFkkfo'ks"krk,; ,oaHkkx]

'kSfy; ksa ds uke] 'kkL=h; laxhrvkSjlqxelaxhresalEcU/kA

okndksa ds xq.kksa dk o.kZudhft,] okndksa ds voxq.kksa dk o.kZudhft,] Hkfo"; esalaxhr {ks= esalEHkkouk,;] e/;dkyHkkjrh; laxhr dk Lo.kZ;qxD;ksadgkx;k] fuf[kycSuthZvkSjnscwpkS/kjh dk thou ifjp; rFkklaxhrtxresa;ksxnku] foyk;r [kka dk thou ifjp; rFkklaxhrtxresa;ksxnku] flrkj dh cukoVrFkk buds vaxksa dk uke fy[krsqq, flrkjdkslqjesafeykus dk KkuA

/ofu%&/ofu dh fo'ks"krk] rkjrk] rhozrk] xq.kA

- C) ifjHkk"kk,a%&mBku] is'kdkj] pDdjnkjtjc] dky] fØ;k] vax] jsyk] vken] eksgjk] frgkbZ] VqdM+kdk;nk] frgkbZ] iju] tkfrA
 - rcys dk fnYyh ?kjkuk%&rcys ds fnYyh?kjkus dk
 mn~xelaLFkkidrFkkçfrfuf/kRo] f'k"; ijEijk] fnYyh ?kjkus
 dh oknu fo'ks"krk,;A
 - ok|ksa dk oxhZdj.k%&ok|ksa dh ifjHkk"kkrFkkoxhZdj.k] rr
 ok|] /ku ok|] lqf"kjok|ksa] vou| ok|ksa dh fo'ks"krk] rr]
 /ku] vou|] lqf"kjok|ksa ds ukeA
 - y;%& y; dh ifjHkk"kk] y; ds çdkj]rjkuk] /kzqoin] foyfEcr
 [;ky] nzqr [;ky dkSu&2 lh y; esaxk,&ctk, tkrsgSaA
 - rky%&rky dh ifjHkk"kk] rky ds 10 çk.kksa dk foLr`r v/;;uA
 thou ifjp;%&tkfdjgqlSu] vYykjD[kk [kk;] fd'kuegkjkt]
 mLrknvgentkufFkjdokA
 - i[kkot%i[kkot dh lajpukvkSjlqjesafeykus dk KkuA
 rkyksa dk rqyukRed v/;;u%&pkjrky&,drky] >irky&lwyrky]
 rhurky&fryokMkrkyA
 - rcyk%&rcys dk mn~Hko] rcykfeykus dh fof/k] rcys ds
 fofHkUu vax o cksyksa dh tkudkjhA
 - y;dkfj;k;%&y;dkjh dh ifjHkk"kk] y;dkjh ds
 cdkj¼nqxqu]frxqu]pkSxqu] vkM] fcvkM+]
 dqvkM½y;dkfj;ksaesafdruh ek=kvksa dk c;ksxfd;ktkrkgSA
 - rky dh igpku%&rhyrky] >irky]pkjrky] /kekj] ,drky] #id rkyesafn, x, cksylewg ls rkydksigpkuuk] fdlhHkh ,d
 - rkyesafn, x, cksylewg ls rkydksigpkuuk] fdlhHkh ,d
 rkyesafrgkbZvkSjijufy[kus dh {kerkA
 ok|ksa dh tkudkjh%&ljksn] ok;fyu] fny#ck] bljkt] ck;lqjh]

esMksfyu] fxVkj] lkajxhvkfnok|ksa dh cukoV dk v/;;uA

pDdjnkjVqdM+kvkSjpDdjnkjijuesavUrj] ukV~;'kkL=
esaof.kZrvkafdd] Å/oZdrFkkvkfyX; vou| ok|ksa dk Kku]

nf{k.kh Hkkjrh; rkyi)fr dk foLr`r v/;;u] dqnÅ; flag
¼i[kkot ?kjkuk½ dk thou ifjp;] rFkklaxhrtxresa ;ksxnku]

vUrjcrkbZ;s%&rkyh&[kkyh] nqxqu&nksvkoZru] frxqu&frgkbZ]
y;&y;dkjh] rcyk ds fofHkUu ?kjkuksa dk laf{kIro.kZu
,oaf'k"; ijEijk] i[kkot ds fofHkUu ?kjkuksa dk

laf{kIro.kZu,oaf'k"; ijEijkA Subject related Pedagogy.

Note: <u>Difficulty level of questions for HTET Level-III (PGT) will be up to the</u>

standard of Post Graduate level.

Topics: For level-III (PGT) questions will be based on the topics of the

prescribedsyllabus of class 9th to 12th by the Education Department

Government of Haryana.